

MASON'S
DELICIOUS
O.K.
SAUCE.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER FORECAST:—S. Winds, Moderate; Cloudy Generally With Fog or Mist in Morning.

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CANTON
AND BACK IN ONE DAY
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KOWLOON CANTON RAILWAY



Hector: Cat About Town
Notorious Gossip

"Give an example of an imaginary spheroid."
"A rooster's egg."

Commuter—"I found this dozen eggs on the train."
Station agent—"If they're not claimed in thirty days, they're yours."

The law is so queer in America. Here is a fellow sent to prison for a month for cracking a smile.
It just happened to be the other fellow's smile!

Slow Walter: "Here's your cocoa, sir; it's special from South America."
Customer: "Oh, so that's where you've been!"

The alert filling station attendant had checked the oil and gas, and was cleaning the windshield, when the woman driver asked: "And would you mind going over Willie's face just once?"

Boss (to Pat): "So, you want to leave."
Pat: "Shure, 'n' 'tain't that, sur, but I'm afraid I'm doin' a horse out of a job."

A couple of boys out in Iowa were discussing the recent drought. One fellow had some wheat which he managed to harvest.
"The drought sure has made the wheat short this year."
"Short? Say, I had to lather mine to mow it!"

He took her hand in his and gazed proudly at the engagement ring he had placed on her finger only three days before.

"Did your friends admire it?" he inquired tenderly.
"They did more than that," she replied. "Two of them recognized it!"

Maybe the real reason we call a car "she" is the way it runs a fellow into debt.

THE ABYSSINIAN ISSUE

Efforts To Terminate Conflict

London, April 8

The Foreign Secretary leaves London to-morrow afternoon to attend the meeting of the League's Committee of Thirteen at Geneva on Wednesday. Mr. Eden referred to the meeting in the course of his replies to the House of Commons questions to-day on the war in Abyssinia. He said the recent events had made it clearly desirable that the Committee should be called together without delay and the Government had made known that this was their view to Chairman Madariaga, who was actively engaged on the task he had undertaken at the request of the Committee of bringing the parties to the war together and within the framework of the League and in the spirit of the covenant securing a prompt cessation of hostilities and the final restoration of peace.

SETTLEMENT RECOMMENDED
Replying to a suggestion that the commission should be appointed to recommend a settlement the Foreign Secretary recalled that in September last the League's Committee of Five made a careful and thorough investigation into the origin of and the issues involved in the dispute between Italy and Ethiopia, and worked out in great detail a plan for a just and equitable settlement.
Questioned as to the Government's action regarding the use of

Local Exchange Quotations

T.T. ON LONDON:
1/3½ (nom.)

T.T. ON NEW YORK:
32½

GOVERNMENT ATTACKED

Debate On Foreign Affairs

London, April 8

Foreign affairs were debated in the House of Commons this evening along with other matters on the Prime Minister's motion of procedure arising out of the defeat of the Government last Wednesday on the question of equal pay of men and women in Civil Service. The question of confidence has been posed to secure a reversal of the House of Commons' previous decision and Leader of the Opposition took the occasion to attack the Government's policy both at home and abroad.

He contended that the menace of war had grown through years of inept leadership of the Government which had allowed the initiative to pass from the Great Western democracies into the hands of dictators. He argued that for the resistance to aggression League was too narrow a basis. The whole strength of the League would be organised for the preservation of law and order.

POLICY HAD FALLEN

Sir Archibald Sinclair for the Liberals and Mr. Winston Churchill took up Major Attlee's criticism of the Government's policy in the Italo-Abyssinian dispute and the former spoke in favour of more resolute action on behalf of the victim of the aggression. Mr. Churchill thought the Government's policy had fallen between two stools and had managed to secure the disadvantages of alienating Italy and encouraging Germany to illegal action without advantages of helping Abyssinia or vindicating the League. Lesson of this melancholy chapter was that they should not intervene in such matters unless they were in earnest and were prepared to carry the intervention to all necessary lengths. Mr. Churchill also raised the questions of colonies and German rearmament and spoke of the effects in Eastern and South-Eastern Europe which would follow the rearmament by Germany of her western frontier.

British Wireless.

SHANGHAI RESIDENT DIES IN CAIRO

Cairo, Apr. 8

The death has occurred here of a well-known American resident of Shanghai, Mr. W. S. Heald, General Manager of the Shanghai Power Company.

Mr. Heald arrived here on March 28 and was immediately taken ill with meningitis. He was buried in the American cemetery in Old Cairo.

gas and attacks by aircraft on Redcross units and on open towns in Abyssinia. Mr. Eden recalled the action already announced in relation to the first two matters and said as to bombing of open towns in view of the importance of guarding against the violation of laws and customs of war relating to protection of noncombatants, the Government were making urgent representations that the complaints of the Ethiopian Government should receive immediate attention from the appropriate organ of League.

British Wireless.

DIARY OF LOCAL EVENTS

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8

Anniversaries and Holidays.—St. Walter, M. and St. Albert, Bishop.

Auctions.—Crown Lands, at District Office, Taipo, 11.30 a.m. Household furniture, at 35 Han-kow Road, Kowloon, 2.30 p.m.

Cinema

King's:—"Paddy O'Day."
Queen's:—"I Love For Love."
Central:—"Hollywood Party."
Oriental:—"Sweet Music."
World:—"Chinese Picture."
Alhambra:—"Grand Exit."
Majestic:—"The Crimson Trail."
Star:—"Front Page Woman."

Dances.—Cheero Club Tea Dance, from 5 to 7.30 p.m.

Meetings.—Monthly of Aquarium Society, Biol. Dept., University, 8.30 p.m.; Annual of Hongkong Realty and Trust Company, Ltd., Exchange Building, 2nd floor, noon; Annual of Ewo Cotton Mills, Ltd., at Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., at Messrs. Dodwell's Office, H.K. Bank, Bldg., noon; Kowloon Union Church Women's Guild, 10 a.m.

Miscellaneous.—Fireside Discussion in Y.M.C.A., 9 p.m.; Claims against the Estate of John Ingram Andrew due.

Religious.—End of Lent Service at Catholic Cathedral, 8 p.m.; Stainer's "Crucifixion," St. Paul's Church, Chinese Choral Society, 5.30 p.m.; Passion Play, "The Garden," at Salors and Soldiers' Home, Friends of Tai Fong Shan, Bishop's House, 6 p.m.

Social.—Whist Drive, Sailors' Home and Seamen's Institute, 40 Gloucester Road, 9 p.m.

Sports

Badminton.—Men's Doubles, St. Andrew's "B" v. St. John's; Chinese R.C. v. Fire Brigade.

Boxing.—Hongkong Area Novices Team Final, Royal Ulster Rifles v. East Lancashires (Murray Barracks), 8 p.m.

Football.—First Division, East Lancashires v. South China "A" (Sookunpoo), 5.15 p.m.; Third Division, R. A. M. C. v. St. Joseph's (St. Joseph's Ground), 5 p.m.

Lawn Tennis.—Open Singles, E. C. Fincher v. Lai Kwong-tsun; Club Championship, M. Pagh v. D. M. Macdougall; Handicap Singles, W. A. S. Grant v. G. W. Sewell or T. J. Price; Handicap Doubles, H. R. McGilchrist and H. Tudor or B. O'M. Deane and G. E. R. Divett v. H. R. Butters and D. M. Macdougall; J. and G. S. Rodger v. A. C. I. Bowker and A. K. Mackenzie.

Moon.—III Moon, 17th Day.
Sunrise.—6.10 a.m. Sunset.—6.41 p.m.

Tides.—High at 9.46 and 22.58 Low at 3.46 and 16.31.

THURSDAY, APRIL 9

Cinema

King's:—"Paddy O'Day."
Queen's:—"I Live For Love."
Central:—"Hollywood Party."
Oriental:—"Sweet Music."
World:—"Chinese Picture."
Alhambra:—"Grand Exit."
Majestic:—"The Crimson Trail."
Star:—"Front Page Woman."

Sports

Badminton.—Men's Doubles, V.R.C. v. St. Andrew's "A."

Boxing.—Final Hongkong Area Inter-Unit Teams Competition, East Lancashires v. Royal Welch Fusiliers (Murray Barracks), 8 p.m.

Lawn Tennis.—Exhibitions, E. D. Andrews and L. Goldman v. S. A. and H. D. Rumljah; E. D. Andrews and E. C. Fincher v. Tsui Wal-pul and Tsui Yun-pul (Hongkong C. C. Court), 4.30 p.m.; Handicap Doubles, G. W. Sewell and H. J. Armstrong or E. Bathurst and A. T. Lay v. A. D. Humphreys and G. R. Sayer; H. Owen Hughes and T. A. Pearce or W. P. Lucy and R. A. Phillimore v. T. C. Monaghan and E. J. McMullen.

Moon.—III Moon, 18th Day.
Sunrise.—6.11 a.m. Sunset.—6.41 p.m.

Tides.—High at 9.31 and 22.24; Low at 3.20 and 15.54.

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4.30 P.M.
(Sundays at 4.30 P.M. only)

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Week day 8.30 p.m. Sul Tai 3.00 a.m. Sul Tai
Saturday 8.30 a.m. Sul Tai 3.00 a.m. Sul Tai
Saturday 5.30 p.m. Kinsan 3.00 p.m. No Sailing
SUNDAY 8.30 a.m. Kinsan 3.00 a.m. Kinsan
3.00 p.m. Kinsan

EXCURSION

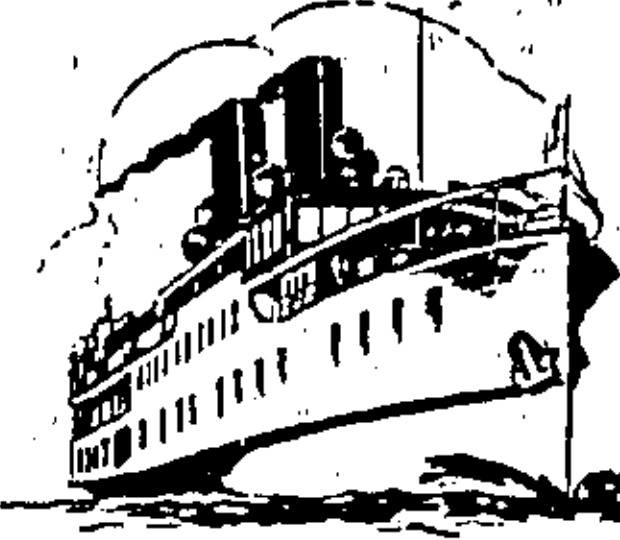
HOLIDAY EXCURSION TO MACAO

EASTER MONDAY, 13TH APRIL, 1936.

S.S. "KINSHAN" will sail from Hong Kong at 8.30 A.M. and from Macao at 5.00 P.M.

Note:—All vessels equipped with Wireless.

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NEW AIRSHIP'S INSURANCE

No Difficulty In Finding Cover

Berlin, March 28.—When the new giant airship, Field Marshal von Hindenburg (LZ 129) started on its first trial trip, it was announced that the hull insurance had, for the first time, been almost entirely covered on the German market. In the case of the Graf Zeppelin insurance companies rather fought shy of the risk but its excellent record over a period of seven years has proved encouraging and full insurance for airships in Germany will now no longer present difficulties.

The total risk to be covered, includes the hull risk already mentioned and accident and third party insurance for passengers and crew as well as cargo insurance on freight carried. The insurance of passengers, crew and cargo was fairly easy to place. Certain protection for the crew of 80 is being afforded by the Reichs Insurance System, but the hull insurance was another matter. This is natural in the circumstances, because underwriters had to calculate with the possibility of a total loss, in which case they would be called to meet a very big claim.

When the Graf Zeppelin began service in 1928 it was a "blind risk," especially in the case of trans-Atlantic crossings, and considerable difficulty was experienced in finding adequate cover. The constructive value of the Graf Zeppelin was 4,500,000 Reichs Marks (£225,000), only a quarter of which was covered by the Zeppelin Construction Company, whereas the remainder had to be placed abroad, even in small sums of RM 2,000. To-day, after the Graf Zeppelin had made hundreds of flights without any major accident to hull or cargo, the problem of finding adequate cover for the new airship is no longer difficult, especially in view of the constructive improvements which have been introduced in the Hindenburg.

Hull insurance has been covered by 93 per cent. by the Reichs Association of Private Insurance Companies, and the accident and third party risk is being divided between 30 different companies. The Construction Company itself has undertaken, as in the case of the Graf Zeppelin, to take over one-quarter of the risk.—*Transoceanic Special Service.*

TENNIS SAVED HER FROM JURY LIST

London, March 10.—It took a Court order for a fortnight's jury duty to induce Mrs. Helen Wills Moody to give out the first real intimation that she intends to be seen at Wimbledon in defence of her singles title there this summer.

Returning to San Francisco from a visit to New York, Mrs. Moody found the summons to jury duty awaiting her.

She pleaded, reports Reuter, that she intended to defend her Wimbledon title, and that for this reason needed all the time possible to practise.

The plea succeeded—she was excused from duty.

THE NEARNESS OF WAR

Troops Might Have Gone To France

STATEMENT BY LORD ELTON IN GLASGOW

London, March 26.—How very near we were to war a fortnight ago we may only learn from history books 50 years hence.

That statement was made to the Glasgow branch of the League of Nations Union by Lord Elton in Glasgow recently when he analysed in detail the present European crisis.

"If the French had sent troops into the demilitarized zone a fortnight ago we should have had to send over an expeditionary force, because the guarantee under Locarno was that France should not cross her frontier and Germany should not cross into the demilitarized zone," said Lord Elton.

"If France had sent troops to repel what under Locarno was an act of aggression, we in Britain

Tauber, the glorious operative tenor, has had to pay thousands of pounds, it appears, to his former wife, Carotta.

The artist who is truly great conceals a secret grief; In saying so, we merely state our most profound belief.

Do you suppose, in Tauber's tone, Heart unto heart could call so Unless he knew—not Love alone, But Alimony also?

should have been bound to send an expeditionary force."

WHAT MIGHT HAVE HAPPENED

France, said Lord Elton, knew that she could put more men than Germany on the field this year. Next year it might be a different matter. France knew that she would not be able to stop Germany another time, yet, in the face of these facts, she had referred the matter to the League.

"That should be present in the back of all our minds when we think of the present situation," said Lord Elton.

"I think we can bet our bottom dollar that France said something like this in respect to Britain—if you don't recognise your guarantee as a Locarno Power we shall leave the League."

"Think of the position then," said Lord Elton. "Collective security would be in fragments, and if we come down to hard reality, what protects the safety of London from air raids if it is not very largely the French Air Force? I don't think we are in a position to be too critical of the French."

There is no small amount of self-love at Oxford, but surely the "Bulletin" of the Oxford University Labour Club takes the biscuit for heading its leading article on the accession of King Edward VIII—

MAGDALEN MAN MAKES GOOD

Bully beef, it is stated, is never issued to the troops in round tins. This, of course, is to ensure that they get a good square meal.

ROYAL NAVY

Appointments Etc.

London, March 26.—The Admiralty notified the following appointments yesterday: Capt. J. C. Leach, M.V.O., to Cumberland, April 27, and in command, on comm. for trials and service, and as Flag Capt. to the Commander-in-Chief, China, on transfer of flag.

Sub-Lt. (E.)—O. J. F. L. St. John, to Cumberland (March 30).

Admiral Sir William Wordsworth Fisher, Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterranean Fleet, left Alexandria to-day on board his flagship, Queen Elizabeth, for Malta and England. He has been appointed Commander-in-Chief Portsmouth.

Scores of the Fleet Air Arm, flying boats, and seaplanes, manoeuvred and dipped in salute to the dressed ships, and these and the mustered crews of the vessels standing to afforded an impressive sight for the crowds on shore.

As the Queen Elizabeth forged slowly past the line of warships, massed bands struck up "Rule Britannia."

The new flagship, H.M.S. Barham, saluted the departing Admiral with 17 guns, and the Queen Elizabeth returned the salute with a like number, as she headed for the open sea—and home.

THE NEW 20TH FLOTILLA

A second pair of the new destroyers of the Greyhound class, built under the 1933 construction programme, has now arrived at Gibraltar to join the 20th Flotilla, Home Fleet, in place of War-built craft. It is composed of the Gallant and Gipsy, built on the Clyde by A. Stephen and Sons and the Fairfield Company respectively. The Gallant is commanded by Lieut.-Comdr. R. C. Beckett, from Devonport Barracks, and the Gipsy by Lieut.-Comdr. P. C. Ransome, from the command of the Wrestler, one of the relieved vessels in the flotilla.

A third pair of these destroyers is almost ready, the Garland and Griffin, which were completed to full crews on March 9 at Chatham and Devonport respectively. The Garland is another Fairfield ship; the Griffin was built at Barrow by Vickers-Armstrongs. They will proceed to Gibraltar in company. This only leaves the Grenade and Grafton to complete the class. The Grenade, built by Stephen and Sons, Govan, is due to be commissioned to-morrow for her acceptance trial, and will be attached to Chatham. The Grafton has already been commissioned at Devonport for her acceptance trial, after completion by Messrs. Thornycroft at Southampton. The flotilla leader of the group is H.M.S. Grenville, which is fitting out at the Scotstoun works of Yarrow & Co.

SUBMARINE LAUNCHES

The minelayer submarine Rorqual, building at the Barrow works of Vickers-Armstrongs, Limited, will be launched on July 21. Launching dates have been fixed for both contract submarines of the 1934 programme, to which the Rorqual belongs, since the Spearfish, building at the Birkenhead works of Cammell Laird & Co. Ltd., is to be put afloat on April 21. No date is yet announced for the launch of the Sunfish, the third submarine of the programme, at Chatham Dockyard.

ADMIRAL KEYES DEFENDS THE CAPITAL SHIP

Admiral Sir Roger Keyes, M.P., speaking at a luncheon of the Hoborn (London) Chamber of Commerce yesterday, said that as our frontiers were the sea it was essential that Great Britain should maintain a supreme fleet to guard the Empire.

"As long as our potential enemies maintain 35,000-ton battleships on the threshold of our trade routes it would be folly to neglect to build ships to stand up to them," he said.

"The capital ship, whatever her form may eventually take, is, and always will be, the basis of our power."

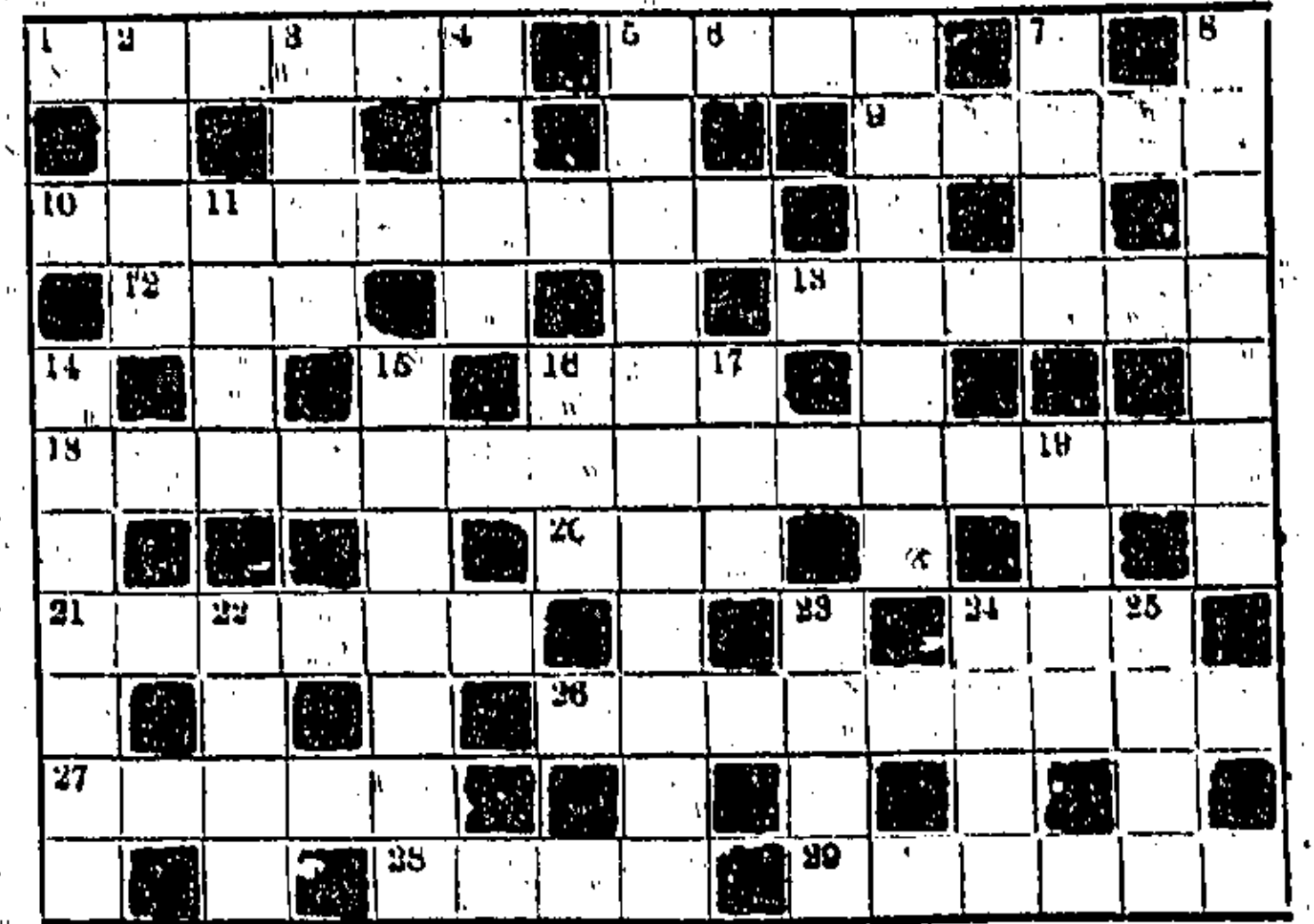
ANTI-AIRCRAFT CRUISERS

I am able to disclose that two ships of unique type are now serving with the Mediterranean Fleet as a special guard against air attack. They are the sister cruisers Coventry and Curlew, of 4,200 tons, with a speed of 29 knots, writes a correspondent.

Built during the war, they were until recently armed with five 8in guns and two 3in anti-aircraft guns. Last autumn, however, they were reconstructed, and converted into floating anti-aircraft batteries.

The new armament is understood to consist of numerous anti-air-

CROSSWORD PUZZLE



NOTE—Figures in parentheses indicate number of letters in the words required.

- Across
- 1—Is as inexperienced as a bird unfledged! (6).
 - 5—To decry and belittle (4).
 - 9—A house on this might do, when one gets fifty and comfort is needed (5).
 - 10—The bosom friend who shares our secrets (9).
 - 12—These but the trappings and the suits of— (Hamlet) (3).
 - 13—There's a flaw in this clue! (6).
 - 16—Where flies get stranded (3).
 - 18—This way of reforming rank disobedience is, say "I absurd in notion" (anagram) (15).
 - 20—In this puzzle, much this remains to be done (3).
 - 21—It's very hot isn't it? (6).
 - 24—The kind of port some make we think is not the port one wants to drink! (3).
 - 25—To quarrel like cats! (9).
 - 27—Strokes, caused by this, have proved fatal before now (5).
 - 28—One of the deadly sins (4).
 - 29—This cotton fabric may be used for a hanging (6).

Down

- 2—All in a line (4).
- 3—One is quick to enjoy this (4).
- 4—A man of such fame is known to many (4).
- 5—League, which may be alliance or a conspiracy (11).
- 6—A hand thing for barristers or laundresses (7).

- 7—This, and (4).
- 8—This will account for a lot we have to go through! (7).
- 11—These voters are, evidently not in favour (4).
- 14—Is Kismet a meaning to mis-understand (7).
- 15—Or to prevent? (7).
- 16—It may be turned to one side, perhaps (3).
- 17—We may get this straight from the horse's mouth (3).
- 19—Concise! (4).
- 22—The space is provided for your solution (4).
- 23—This drink of bygone days may still be made (4).
- 24—Those in the this are aware of what's going on (4).
- 25—The last clue, or the final which is a relative term! (4).

YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION
The following is the solution of yesterday's puzzle—

- Across
- 1, Sacks; 6, P-I-let; 9, Portray; 10, L-enu-r; 11, Light; 12, Allegro; 14, Sally; 15, Leo; 16, Norse; 17, Mecca; 19, Bid; 21, Heeds; 23, Be-reave; 24, Gotha; 25, Leave; 28, Tantrum; 27, Lodge; 28, Sandy.

- Down
- 1, Sol-us; 2, Complicated; 3, Spray; 4, B-rill; 5, T-rig-o; 6, Pylon; 7, Leger-demain; 8, Tit-he; 13, Eerie; 17, Mogul; 18, A.B.-ate; 19, Brine; 20, Dairy; 21, Helms; 22, Seedy.

A CHINESE INTELLECTUAL EXPLAINS

My Country and my people. By Lin Yutang. London: William Heinemann. Pp. xviii. 36s. 15s. net.

When the educational revolution began in China some thirty years ago the fashionable tendency was to cut adrift from all Chinese tradition. In place of the conventional classical training Western scientific investigation and the possibilities of material progress were the only things that mattered. But since the Great War there has followed, first, what Dr. Hu Shih has called the "period of doubt" regarding those ideas and institutions which brought such disasters to Europe and then a great "reaction back to the indigenous sources of Chinese civilization," a reaction which is now flowing in full tide.

Mr. Lin Yutang is a brilliant product of these transitions. "Formerly a Christian, now a pagan," he had a missionary education. "Before my teens I knew Jesus Christ's truth as blew down the walls of Jericho, but I did not know till I was about thirty that when Mengchianji cried over the bones of her husband, the torrent of her tears washed away a section of the Great Wall—a type of ignorance which could not, he says, be found even among illiterate Chinese, to whom the old historical dramas are known by heart.

His book shows (if this can be said without presumption by a

craft guns of the latest models, embodying the most up-to-date method of high-angle fire-control. Each ship is therefore able to develop a tremendous volume of fire against air targets, equivalent, in fact, to the combined anti-aircraft fire of a squadron of ordinary cruisers.

These two cruisers are believed to be the first of their type in any navy, and to constitute a most valuable defence against air attack, whether against ships or harbours.

The Coventry is commanded by Capt. J. W. Rivett-Carnac, D.S.O., and the Curlew by Capt. A. W. S. Agar, V.O., D.S.O.

foreigner of one of China's leading intellectuals) that any such gaps in his early training have been more than abundantly made good. He himself notes the signs of maturity in the returned Chinese student. "He explores the glories of the West, but he comes back to the East, his Oriental blood over-coming him when he is approaching forty. He sees the portrait of his father wearing a Chinese silk cap, and he discards his Western dress and slips into Chinese gowns and slippers. For in his Chinese gowns and slippers his soul comes to rest." Mrs. Pearl Buck truly says of the author in the introduction which she contributes: "His roots are firmly in the past, and it is this Chinese outlook, tempered and broadened, no longer blinded, by Western contacts, that makes this book outstanding and remarkable."

Mr. Lin deals in the first part of it with the character and ideals of the Chinese people; in the second he describes their social, political, literary, and artistic life. The reader will find himself constantly reflecting that this comment or that might have been written by a European, if indeed the latter were sufficiently well versed in Chinese civilisation to write it. But the book is also instinct with something no foreigner, however well equipped, could give it, the passionate, deeprooted love of a Chinese for China and her institutions. The author's patriotism, moreover, does not deter him from criticisms as whole-hearted as times as those of the most bigoted "Old China Hand," on whose letters he complains that foreign opinion is apt to lay too much stress. Incidentally, it is good to hear from a Chinese critic of Chinese in Shanghai that "Shanghai is not China, but it is an ominous indication of what modern China may come to."

There is much to enjoy and agree with in this book especially in the pages dealing with philosophy and literature, of which Mr. Lin writes with great feeling. He recognises the debt China owes to the West in furnishing the impulse which has brought the novel to its rightful place in the national literature. He has a pleasant humour, and his style is a good reminder of the Chinese preference for the concrete over the abstract. As he himself puts it he does not say "How could I perceive his mental processes?" but rather "Am I a tapeworm in his belly?"

E. W. M.

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new life
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LOST.

\$10. REWARD—Lost on 5th April from Shamshui grey China pony Lionhunter 13 Hands. Finder please inform Mr. D.M.O. PRICEARD, Hankow Barracks, Shamshui. [1063]

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ARMS AND DESPAIR

The Debate

The two days' debate on the Defence White Paper has done surprisingly little to clarify that ambiguous and indefinite document. Naturally enough Ministers made the most of the atmosphere of crisis produced by the events of the week-end, but they went too far. The failure to answer the Opposition's legitimate questions can only deepen mistrust and raise misgivings. The objects of our rearmament programme, Mr. Baldwin said bravely enough, are first to enable us to fulfil our obligations under the League Covenant, secondly to enable us to protect ourselves. But it was fairly evident after his speech that the Government's policy is much what it would be were there no League or theory of "collective security" at all. It would hardly be too much to say that Mr. Baldwin shows almost no faith at the moment in collective security, or at least in what most other people mean by it. For, he says, "when these present troubles are over," as soon as this present war may come to an end, "Europe must consider" "what collective security involves"; "make up her mind whether she will make herself ready to use it," whether indeed "what we all so much desire is feasible or not"; and "take such steps that collective security may be a reality." The question is as open as all that. The whole idea of collective security, he lays it down, is that "it should be able to prevent war before it begins." The only way of stopping an aggressor is that the other countries should be as ready for war as he is, which means "that the countries in Europe... will have to be much more ready for war than they are to-day." This is, as Mr. Baldwin admits, "a horrible thing to have to say," for it means that the "free States in Europe" will have to arm to the level of the unfree. Had Mr. Baldwin gone on to explain how these menaced "free States" were pooling their arms and concentrating their armaments' programmes to make their combined strength unbreakable, the phrase "collective security" might have had some meaning. But he spoke only in terms of national armaments and of our capacity to carry on the "follies" longer than anyone else. The background of his mind was one of despair.

POOLED SECURITY
It would seem a fairly elementary consideration that an armaments policy based on a pooled security, however rudimentary, would be somewhat different from what it would be were we preparing to act in isolation. If our foreign policy were clearly defined defence would be formed in relation to it. But the two are kept separate, and Mr. Baldwin, though he conceded the theory, would not agree that it should be applied. Consequently the defence programme was treated as an isolated effort, whose central problem, as Sir Samuel Hoare put it, is German rearmament. Mr. Churchill drew the moral. We are to spend over a period of years perhaps £300,000,000; Germany under Hitler has already, according to Mr. Churchill, spent £1,500,000,000. "If what we have seen is a partly armed Germany, imagine what the end will be when these colossal preparations which are being made are approaching zenith." Hence the demand that we should do likewise and hurry to spend our money. This is suspiciously like allowing our defence policy to dominate our foreign policy. The end of the mad race in expenditure is either bankruptcy or war—that is the accepted commonplace. Has the Government an alternative to offer? Why must we wait, as Mr. Baldwin would seem to have us wait, until the war between Italy and Abyssinia is over before Europe can consider where it is heading? Possibly Mr. Baldwin might have had more positive things to say about our political efforts for European appeasement had not Germany precipitated a new crisis. Possibly the terms of Mr. Eden's statement on our willingness to try to turn the German proposals to peaceful account are held to serve for the moment. But they can serve only for a short moment. Mr. Baldwin's despair at any effectual measures of pooled security, Mr. Churchill's realistic preparations for opposing one State in arms to another State in arms, invite disaster. The country would be happier if it could feel that half the determination and consistency were present on the political side that are being put into rearmament.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

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QUOTATIONS

New York: April 7.

	High	Low	Close	Change
New York/London Cross-rate	10.87	10.80	10.85	1/4 off
New York Cotton—July	16.07	16.03	16.03	1/2 up
New York Rubber—July	85	83 1/2	84 1/2	1/2 up
Chicago Wheat—July	89	88 1/2	88 1/2	1/2 off
Chicago Corn—July	—	—	44 1/2	1/2 off
Silver—Official	—	—	44 1/2	unchanged

	High—1934/35	Low	Apr. 4	Apr. 6	Change
Dow Jones Average	191.89	191.71	191.60	191.9	1/4 up
30 Industrials	317.73	317.31	317.10	317.5	1/2 up
30 Utilities	86.39	86.44	86.48	86.6	1/2 off
40 Bonds	103.94	103.43	103.25	103.33	1/2 up
11 Commodity Index	63.10	62.47	62.77	62.98	2 1/2 up

Business Done: 4,030,900 shares.

Stocks	Apr. 4	Apr. 6	Stocks	Apr. 4	Apr. 6
Adams Express	13 1/2	13 1/2	G. N. Ry. Ry. pt.	39 1/2	39 1/2
Amer. Can.	123 1/2	123 1/2	G. Western Sugar	35 1/2	35 1/2
Amer. Cyanamid	37 1/2	37 1/2	Humble Oil	71 1/2	71 1/2
Am. & For. Power	8 1/2	9 1/2	Int. Nickel	49 1/2	49 1/2
Am. & For. P. 7 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2	Int. Tel. & Tel.	16 1/2	16 1/2
Am. Light & Trac.	31 1/2	31 1/2	Kennecott	38 1/2	38 1/2
Amer. Locomotive	24 1/2	24 1/2	Loew's Inc.	47 1/2	47 1/2
Amer. Radiator	30 1/2	30 1/2	Lorillard	23 1/2	23 1/2
Amer. Rolling Mill	85 1/2	85 1/2	Monsanto Chemical	101 1/2	101 1/2
Amer. Smelting	54 1/2	54 1/2	Montgomery Ward	44 1/2	44 1/2
Am. Sugar Refining	166 1/2	167 1/2	Nat. City Bk.	35 1/2	35 1/2
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	93 1/2	94 1/2	Nat. Dairy Prods.	23 1/2	23 1/2
Amer. Tobacco	22 1/2	23 1/2	Nat. Distillers	32 1/2	32 1/2
Amer. Waterworks	37 1/2	38 1/2	Nat. Power & Light	11 1/2	11 1/2
Anaconda Copper	78 1/2	78 1/2	New York Central	38 1/2	39 1/2
Atchafalpa T. & S. Fe.	34 1/2	34 1/2	North American	27 1/2	27 1/2
Atlas Corp.	14 1/2	14 1/2	Northern Pacific	33 1/2	33 1/2
Auburn	49 1/2	49 1/2	Pacific Gas & Elec.	38 1/2	39 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	21 1/2	21 1/2	Pacific Lighting	52 1/2	53 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	61 1/2	61 1/2	Packard Motors	11 1/2	12 1/2
Boring Airplane Co.	23 1/2	23 1/2	Paramount Picture	94 1/2	94 1/2
Borden Co.	27 1/2	27 1/2	Inc.	94 1/2	94 1/2
Bklyn. - Manhattan	49 1/2	49 1/2	Pennsylvania R. R.	34 1/2	35 1/2
Trans. Corp.	49 1/2	49 1/2	Phillips Petroleum	48 1/2	48 1/2
Case, J. I.	159 1/2	162 1/2	Pure Oil Co.	40 1/2	40 1/2
Canadian Pac. Ry.	13 1/2	13 1/2	Pub. Service of N.J.	23 1/2	23 1/2
Chase Nat. Bk.	40 1/2	39 1/2	Radio Corp.	13 1/2	13 1/2
Chesapeake Corp.	66 1/2	66 1/2	Radio Corp. "B"	58 1/2	59 1/2
Chesapeake & Ohio	57 1/2	57 1/2	Reynolds Tob. B.	53 1/2	53 1/2
Chrysler	100 1/2	103 1/2	Schenley	46 1/2	46 1/2
Columbia Gas & E.	20 1/2	21 1/2	Schenley 5 1/2 p.c.	100 1/2	100 1/2
C. C. & E. 6 1/2 'A' pt.	101 1/2	100 1/2	Sears Roebuck	69 1/2	69 1/2
Commercial Credit	54 1/2	53 1/2	Socony-Vacuum	14 1/2	15 1/2
Coml. Solvents	21 1/2	21 1/2	Sthrn. Cal. Edison	26 1/2	27 1/2
Comm. & Southern	3 1/2	3 1/2	Sthrn. Pacific	36 1/2	36 1/2
(ord.)	3 1/2	3 1/2	Stand. Brands	16 1/2	16 1/2
Comm. & Southern	66 1/2	68 1/2	Stand. Gas Y. Elec.	8 1/2	8 1/2
(ord.) 5 1/2 cum. pt.	34 1/2	34 1/2	Stand. Oil of N.J.	66 1/2	66 1/2
Consolid. Gas of N.Y.	143 1/2	143 1/2	Sterling Prods.	71 1/2	70 1/2
Consolid. Oil	36 1/2	36 1/2	Swift International	31 1/2	30 1/2
Continental Oil	73 1/2	74 1/2	Technicolor	30 1/2	30 1/2
Corn. Products	73 1/2	74 1/2	Texas Gulf Sulphur	35 1/2	35 1/2
Curtiss Wright (C.)	71 1/2	71 1/2	Transamerica	132 1/2	132 1/2
Curtiss Wright 'A'	178 1/2	178 1/2	20th Cent. Fox Film	27 1/2	27 1/2
Delaware & Hudson	47 1/2	47 1/2	20th Cent. Fox Film	35 1/2	35 1/2
Distillers Corp. Sea-	25 1/2	24 1/2	Un. Carbide & Car-	85 1/2	85 1/2
grams	69 1/2	68 1/2	bon	133 1/2	133 1/2
Douglas Aircraft	151 1/2	151 1/2	Un. Pacific	27 1/2	27 1/2
Du Pont de Nemours	13 1/2	13 1/2	Un. Aircraft (New)	20 1/2	20 1/2
Electric Boat	23 1/2	23 1/2	Un. Airline Trans.	71 1/2	71 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share	74 1/2	74 1/2	Un. Corp.	45 1/2	45 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share	82 1/2	84 1/2	Un. Corp. 4 1/2 cum.	16 1/2	16 1/2
Elec. Power & Light	55 1/2	57 1/2	ment	56 1/2	56 1/2
Gen. Cigar	40 1/2	40 1/2	U. S. Indus. Alcohol	28 1/2	28 1/2
Gen. Electric	36 1/2	36 1/2	U. S. Rubber	69 1/2	71 1/2
Gen. Foods	70 1/2	70 1/2	U. S. Steel	24 1/2	24 1/2
Gen. Motors	45 1/2	44 1/2	Vanadium	11 1/2	12 1/2
Gen. Rly. Signal	20 1/2	19 1/2	Warner Bros. Pict.	121 1/2	122 1/2
Gold Dust	28 1/2	28 1/2	Westinghouse Elec.	3 1/2	3 1/2
Goodyear Tire & R.	28 1/2	28 1/2	Call Money	—	—

The next few days will be a severe test. It is all to the good that the British Ministers at the Paris Conference should have persuaded the other Locarno signatories to continue their discussions in London, and that the League Council itself should transfer its meeting from Geneva. This is to be welcomed for several reasons. It is a symbolic act whose significance will not be lost either in Paris or in Berlin. It shows that although we are not demanding penal measures that may jeopardise peace we are none the less deeply affected by the issue of principle that Germany's action has raised and are determined not to ignore it. By bringing the two meetings to London we show that there is no weakening of our acknowledgement of our responsibilities under the Locarno Treaty and under the League Covenant. We naturally have, and must be allowed to have, our own views of methods and details; the divisions on these in Paris yesterday obviously went deep. But as the British press, almost without exception, and the speeches in the House of Commons debate have shown, the Government has public opinion with it in its desire to turn this evil hour to constructive purpose. Standing with France in her condemnation of Germany's violation of her word, we may yet hope to influence her in avoiding measures which might destroy what remains of the "shaken structure of peace." The London meetings will see no condonation of Germany's action. Germany will find that for all our anxiety for a healing solution her new proposals will not be taken up and examined as though only a minor incident had taken place. But if

JOE DAVIS AGAIN IN BRILLIANT FORM

London March 10. Starting the day only 65 points ahead, Joe Davis heavily outpointed Horace Lindrum in the early season of the Gold Cup billiards sealed handicap match at Liverpool yesterday. The champion scored 1,654 (average 118) to the Australian's 172 (average 12).

Davis made a break of 708 in forty minutes, and had other runs of 188, 145, 137 and 113, whereas Lindrum's best was 69. Interval scores: Davis (in play) 3,132, Lindrum 1,535.

In the evening session Davis again began in brilliant fashion. After carrying his unfinished break of 52 to 112 (full), he went on to score 204 and 209. Lindrum could not get going and lacked confidence.

The Australian, however, later recorded the highest break of the season 460. Lindrum was uneasy in the early stages of this break, but once he had passed the first century he was never in trouble. Later Lindrum added 211, Lindrum averaged 97 and Davis 57.

Closing scores: Davis (in play) 3,703, Lindrum 2,558.

Claude Falkner almost doubled his lead over Inman in the other Germany is as anxious for a settlement as Herr Hitler professes, and values British opinion so much, London offers an opportunity more favourable than Geneva for a beginning to be made. British sincerity at least will not be in question.

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Gold Cup match at Thurston's London, by scoring 758 points against 339.

Falkner, who averaged 58 to Inman's 26, had breaks of 99, 201, 133 and 229. Inman's best run was 77. Interval scores:—Falkner (in play), 2,114; Inman, 1,187.

In the evening Falkner had breaks of 149 (full), 75 (all off red), 136, 318 and 87, while Inman put on 89 and 48.

Falkner, who now leads by 1,547, scored 861 for an average of 51 and Inman scoring 241 for an average of 15. Closing scores:—Falkner, 2,975; Inman (in play), 1,428.

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| III—Industrialization. | XII—Commercial Aviation. |
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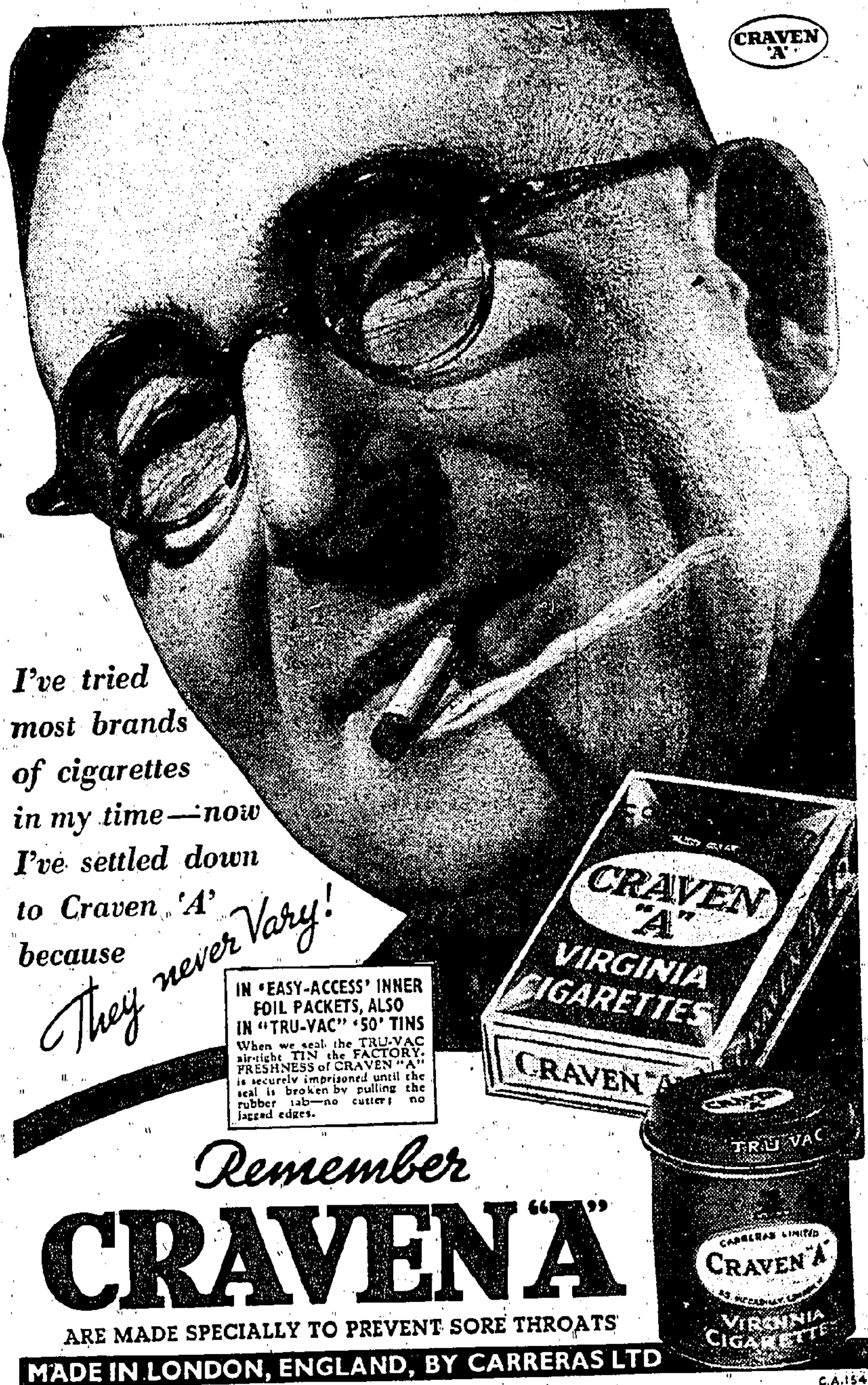
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A CHINESE SCHOOL

Communists In A Village

First-hand glimpses of life in the isolated parts of China, where the towns and villages are open to attack by freelance Communist armies, have been given to friends by an English woman teacher. She is living in the small town of Tingchow in the interior of South China, having gone up there from Shanghai. She made the long journey partly in an old bus in which stray soldiers fought to get seats. Then there was a boat journey over flooded country, and finally a bullock-cart trek on a clay track hacked in the sides of the mountains at wild angles over slopes and precipices.

For six years the town had been in the hands of the Communists, and the streets had become filthy and grass-grown. All rice and salt were commandeered by the soldiery, with a result that most of the people had a greenish tinge to their faces. On one occasion two hundred small shopkeepers were led out for execution and made to kneel in the market-place, when an aeroplane appeared over the town and frightened the executioners so that the shopkeepers escaped. One family, with which the teacher had been friendly on a previous visit, had been forced to dress like beggars by the soldiers, and the house was stripped of everything. Coming to the starvation point, they were forced to marry off their little girl for a dowry of a few bushels of rice.

All the schools in the town were closed during the six years the Communists were in charge, and curiously enough there was little attempt to teach Communist ideas, or to make the people listen to propaganda. The freelance army seems to have been content as long as it was fed and could kill freely. In a neighbouring town the teacher saw numbers of un-

buried dead, and the dying were too many to cope with, and they are left about, or covered with a thin layer of earth. In most places women were often locked in prison and beaten.

THE BUILDING

The building in which the school had been previously carried on was almost destroyed, except that the roof was still on, kept up by very shaky walls all bespattered with bullet marks. One old Chinese bed was all the furniture left behind in the living quarters, and every pane of glass was smashed. The notice-board of the school had been torn down largely because the school was run by English people. Secret teaching had been carried on by a few families, but it was so dangerous to be caught that most of the Chinese did not risk it. One man who got a group together for a Christmas service was imprisoned.

The children were the first to welcome the teacher and came to the old school without any fear. The day school is made up of a kindergarten and a primary section, and there were quickly a hundred in the bare rooms. One of the first things the school had to help in was a big lantern procession to celebrate the freedom of the freedom of the town. The school made "lanterns" of cotton wool soaked in kerosene and stuffed into the hollow of a bamboo pole covered with strips of coloured paper and decorated with paper flowers. "School" and shop-keepers, artisans and soldiers gathered and on the whole field was like fairyland. There were lanterns like aeroplanes, flowers, fruits, and baskets, and beautifully-decorated sedan chairs and the inevitable dragon.

Now that the Communists have gone the people still fear that they will come back and have riddled their gateways with machine-guns. The countryside is frozen and the rivers flooded, and there is no heat in the school, so the children and teacher have to sit in thick padded jackets until they can afford to have a stove again.

SHOULD BAGPIPES BE PLAYED AT HOME?

PROBLEM Baffles Birkenhead Court

So Case Is Adjourned

London, March 17.

Wirral (Cheshire) neighbours are still at variance on the question of bagpipe playing in the home.

At the adjourned hearing in Birkenhead yesterday of a case in which Frederick Ainslie Eskdale Allan, Barker Lane, Greasby, was summoned by three neighbours who alleged that his playing of the bagpipes constituted a nuisance, the magistrates granted a further adjournment until March 30.

Mr. Joseph Roberts, who appeared for the plaintiff Henry Clements, a next-door neighbour, stated yesterday that he and the defending solicitor were still discussing the case, and were not at the moment in agreement.

The summons against Mr. Allan alleges that his playing of the bagpipes constitutes an excessive, unreasonable, and unnecessary noise, injurious to health, and capable of being mitigated.

The case was previously adjourned in order that the parties might attempt to reach an agreement as to the maximum amount of time the bagpipes should be played in the house each day.

Madame Modjeska had a beautiful ranch in California, where, one day, a correspondent from a San Francisco newspaper came to interview her. His arrival was just at the time when the water system had gone out of order, and her husband was futilely engaged in finding the source of the trouble.

The actress rather bowed the youthful reporter over with her first utterance to him: "How many languages do you speak?" Quite humbly he confessed to his one.

"Good!" was the prompt reply. "You're just the man I want. I

"UNSINKABLE SHIPS"

A Comparison Made

London, Mar. 12.

Laymen and experts alike invariably find a fascination in the sea and ships, although there is little of a romantic nature in much of the work of those who contribute to safety of life at sea. For that reason the activities of the classification societies and survey authorities associated with maritime affairs seldom receive the public recognition they deserve, and a great deal of misunderstanding exists as to the efforts that are being made to maintain and enhance the reliability of transport by sea. Some informative remarks on the subject were made by Mr. Robert Clark, chairman, and others at the annual meeting yesterday in Glasgow of the British Corporation Register. Mr. Clark spoke of the "loose and alarmist" talk in Parliament and elsewhere which had followed the inquiries into the loss of the *U-10*, the *Blairgowrie*, and the *Millpool*. It had been suggested in some quarters that the survey authorities had not played their part to ensure the continued seaworthiness of the ship under their inspection. Such criticism does not owe its origin to informed opinion, the fact being that the whole energies of the classification societies are directed towards the improvement in the structural efficiency and safety of ships, and the high degree of success obtained by those efforts were convincingly demonstrated in the statistics recently issued by the Merchant Shipping Advisory Committee.

CONTINUOUS LOSS

Compared with the lamentable and continuous loss of life in other forms of transport, particularly on the roads, the shipping and ship-building communities have sound reasons for congratulating themselves, but despite their excellent record it would appear that they have not yet abandoned the idea of the unsinkable ship. No matter how far science may advance, the unsinkable ship can never be more than an ideal, but the classification societies and others engaged in the art of ship construction are always approaching nearer and nearer to that ideal. A point worthy of special note in Mr. Clark's address related to a most unromantic but vitally important part of the ship's structure—hatchways. There is, indeed, no more vulnerable part of a ship than these openings, and if the hatchways and their covers lack anything in efficiency the most perfect hull and machinery can afford little protection against inroads from the sea.

MODERN SHIPS UNSINKABLE

It is, indeed, a fact, as Mr. Clark stated, that modern ships would be almost unsinkable if it were practicable to have hatchways which could neither float away nor be stove in. Fortunately, an increasing number of ships are being fitted with steel hatch covers, as is evident from the number of designs and arrangements which have been submitted to the British Corporation Register in the course of the past year. Steel hatch covers may not always be justifiable on economic grounds, but in view of the contribution the make towards the ideal of the unsinkable ship there is a good case for their general application. At all events, every encouragement should be given to any suggestions which will add to the security of deck openings. It is work of that nature that has given the classification societies an indispensable place in the maritime community, and it is a fact of local interest that this society, with headquarters in Glasgow, the British Corporation Register, has led the way in improving the strength and effectiveness of hatchways and covers, and for nearly a quarter of a century it has emphasised the importance of annual surveys of such equipment and encouraged every effort towards increasing their efficiency.

never saw a man yet who spoke four languages and had practical ideas."

Whereupon the correspondent proceeded to prove her point, and was well rewarded with a splendid interview.

Teacher: "Now, children, who can tell me what a lake is?"

Jimmie McFadden: "Please, Miss, I do be a howl in the bottom of a lay-kittle."

DR. LEONARD GOW

Death Of Noted Glasgow Shipowner

OUTSTANDING ART COLLECTOR

London, March 12.

We regret to announce the death of Mr. Leonard Gow, D.L., LL.D., shipowner, Glasgow, which took place yesterday at his residence at Camis Eskan, Helensburgh. Dr. Gow had been in failing health for a long time.

There may be difficulty in deciding whether it was in the worlds of commerce or of art that Mr. Gow achieved the greater renown. In both he reached the highest prominence. He succeeded his father in a great variety of business interests which he extended and enlarged, particularly as senior partner of Messrs. Gow, Harrison and Co., well known as shipowners, brokers, insurance agents, and coal exporters, Glasgow.

To artists he was known as a discerning and gifted collector of pictures, etchings, and Chinese porcelain.

PHILANTHROPIC INTERESTS

Of the last-named, Mr. R. L. Hobson, Keeper of Ceramics in the British Museum, said that few if any private collections could stand comparison with Mr. Gow's. There could be no question of the sure judgment and artistic taste, combined with a natural flair, which had enabled him to bring together such a magnificent collection of articles belonging to the greatest period of Chinese ceramic art.

There was one other important phase to Dr. Gow's life—his philanthropic interests. He was chairman and director of several charitable institutions, and if one institution more than another were to be named, it would be the Canal Boatmen's Institute and Port-Dundas Mission in Glasgow with which he had a life-long association, and of which he occupied for many years the office of president.

Dr. Gow was also vice-president of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution and a chairman of this Glasgow Branch of the institution.

HIS FATHER'S EXAMPLE

Dr. Gow was born in Glasgow in 1859, and was the eldest son of the late Mr. Leonard Gow, LL.D. His father came of a family which belonged to Arbroath, and his grandmother was daughter of Mr. James Carswell, a builder in Glasgow of whom "The Glasgow Herald" in noticing his death in February, 1886, said that he had been "most beneficially connected with the rise and progress of the city." Dr. Gow's father was a graduate of St. Andrews University, which later honoured him with the degree of LL.D., and after training for the ministry was forced by ill health to turn to other avenues of activity, entering at the age of 21 the office of his elder brother, Mr. Allan C. Gow, who had begun business as a shipbroker in Glasgow.

Dr. Gow's father thus commenced a 50 years' association with Glasgow in which he became prominent in commercial and public life, as an enterprising and successful shipowner, and as a philanthropist.

With such an inspiring example from the father, it was natural that the son should follow the same course in life, and it was an example which the son recognised with gratitude. In 1919 Dr. Gow gave Glasgow University the sum of £5,000 to found a lectureship in memory of his father, and to be known as "The Leonard Gow Lectureship on the Medical Diseases of Infancy and Childhood."

GIFTS OF ART TREASURES

In 1932 the University was again the debtor of Dr. Gow by the presentation of a large and beautiful bound Bible which had once been used in the Irish House of Lords. Principal Sir Robert S. Rait, intimating the gift from Dr. Gow, said that the Bible was a magnificent example of eighteenth-century Irish binding, almost certain to have been executed by Abraham Bradley, and was probably the same volume mentioned in the account of Bradley dated October 19, 1773, which gave £5 10s as the sum received for

TO-DAY'S RADIO PROGRAMMES

Broadcast by Z.B.W.
On 355 Metres

12.30 to 2.15 p.m.—European recorded programme.
12.30 p.m.—Orchestral Music.
1 p.m.—Local time signal and weather report.
1.05 p.m.—A Recital by Hildegard (Soprano) and Carroll Gibbons (Piano).
1.30 p.m.—Reuter Press Bulletins. Rugby Press News, Local Weather Forecast, Time and Announcements.
1.40 p.m.—Musical Comedy Excerpts.
2 p.m.—Dance Music.
2.15 p.m.—CLOSE DOWN.
4 to 7 p.m.—Chinese programme.
6 to 6.30 p.m.—Children's Studio Concert.
7 to 11 p.m.—European programme.

New Light Symphony Orchestra
Egmont Overture (Beethoven).
Kamennol-Ostrow, Op. 10, No. 22 (Rubinstein).
Hearts and Flowers—Intermezzo (Tobani).
Glow Worm Idyll (Kinke).
Irish Rhapsody (Herbert).
7.30 p.m.—

Concert Items
Songs—I know of Two Bright Eyes.
I'll sing thee Songs of Araby—Ben Davies (Tenor).
Piano Solo—Pierrette (Chaminade).
Dance Creole (Chaminade).
Una Bourne.
Song—Down Vauxhall Way (O'Hare)—Mavis Bennett (Soprano).
Violin Solo—La Clochette (Paganini).
The Dance of the Goblins (Bazzini)—Alfredo Rode.
Songs—La Paloma (The Dove (Yradier).
La Golondrina—The Swallow (Mexican Air)—Emilio de Gogorza (Baritone).
8 p.m.—Local time and weather report.

8.03 p.m.—
George Scott-Wood and his Piano-Accordion
Lulu's Back in Town.
In a Little Gipsy Tea Room.
Stars over Devon.
Speak to me of Love.
The Big Broadcast of 1936—Selection.
Top Hat—Selection.
8.25 p.m.—

Song Memories
Violet Lorraine Medley.
Tom Costello in Song Memories.
Drury Lane Pantomime Memories.
Hermann Lohr.
There is a Tavern in the Town.
9 p.m.—"In a Fairy Realm Suite" (Ketelbey).
9.15 p.m.—A Relay of the Daventry News Bulletin (Copyright by Reuter).
9.30 p.m.—Jazz on Two Pianos.
10 p.m.—Big Ben.
10 p.m.—

The Mills Brothers
Miss Otis Regrets.
My Headache.
Lazybones.
Nagasaki.
10.13 p.m.—

Hawaiian Music
Kohala March.
Honolulu March.
On the Beach at Waikiki.
Hilo Hanakahi.

supplying one Bible, royal folio, gilt, Barbary leather, with silk string and registers.

Another example of Dr. Gow's generosity was the gift of a collection of mediaeval brass alms dishes, comprising 52 pieces, to the Art Galleries, Kelvingrove. The collection was described by experts at the time as one of the finest of the kind existing. Yet another gift of Dr. Gow's to the Art Galleries was the magnificent picture, "Papa of Jura," by William McTaggart, the great Scottish painter.

CHINESE PORCELAIN COLLECTION

While Mr. Gow was a patron of various forms of art, his chief interest was centred in that of Chinese porcelain, on which he was a recognised authority. Instead of attempting to cover the whole wide field of the ceramic art of China, as some collectors have tried to do, Mr. Gow confined himself mainly to the supreme period, that of the Emperor K'ang Hsi. No one who has had the privilege of inspecting this magnificent collection could doubt the sure judgment and artistic taste, combined with a natural flair which enabled Mr. Gow to bring together so many rare and beautiful works of art from a country famed for its art-potters.

All Through the Night—Waltz.
On a Little Street in Honolulu—Waltz.
10.30 p.m.—Dance Music.
11 p.m.—Close down.

BERLIN PROGRAMME

4.50 p.m.—Call DJB, DJN (German, English).
German Folk Songs.
4.55 p.m.—Greetings to our Listeners.
5 p.m.—Introducing Experts: Virtuoso Violin Music presented by Marta Linz.
5.30 p.m.—News and Economic Review in English.
5.45 p.m.—Gala Radio Pot Pourri.
6.45 p.m.—News and Economic Review in German.
7 p.m.—Concert of Light Music.
8 p.m.—News in English.
8.15 p.m.—Concert of Light Music (continued).
9 p.m.—Close DJB, DJN (German, English).
9.05 p.m.—Call DJA, DJB, DJN (German, English).
German Folk Songs.
9.10 p.m.—Greetings to our Listeners.
9.15 p.m.—News and Economic Review in German on DJA, DJB, DJN.
9.30 p.m.—"O komm im Traum..."
Lise Mehlner sings songs by Franz Liszt.
9.45 p.m.—Chinese studying in Germany. A Talk with Dr. Tseng, Lecturer at the University of Berlin.
10 p.m.—News and Economic Review in English on DJA and in Dutch on DJB, DJN.
10.15 p.m.—To-day in Germany. Sound Pictures.
10.30 p.m.—Concert of Items by Request: Hallo, hallo! You wish—we play.
11.45 p.m.—"A Children's Paradise" Songs by Heinrich Simon; Hans Emmé-Schuhardt, Tenor.
12 midnight—Close DJA, DJB, DJN (German, English).

RADIO MANILA

5.30 a.m.—Breakfast Hour of News and Music—English and Spanish Current Events and Vaudville of the Air conducted by Don Alva. Morning Exercises by Prof. G. T. Suva of the Insular Life Assurance Co.
7 a.m.—Sign Off.
6 p.m.—Sunset Dance Programme by Lyric Orchestra.
6.20 p.m.—Spanish Information Period.
6.35 p.m.—English Information Period.
6.55 p.m.—Stock quotations through the courtesy of Swan, Culbertson and Fritz.
7 p.m.—La Insular Cigar and Cigarette Factory presents "Aires Filipinos" with Juan Siles, Jr. and his String Ensemble.
7.20 p.m.—Musical Potpourri.
7.45 p.m.—Ellaide y Cia. presents Ramon Tapales, violinist.
8 p.m.—Melodies of the Philippines.
8.15 p.m.—"Apo on the Air" featuring the Beramant Trio, sponsored by the Cebu Portland Cement Company.
8.30 p.m.—Baque Presentation.
8.45 p.m.—Stock quotations and local market reports.
9 p.m.—N.E.P.A. Programme.
9.30 p.m.—Tiro Cruz and his Manila Hotel Orchestra.
10.30 p.m.—Sign off.

SEVEN SCOTS TO TOUR AMERICA

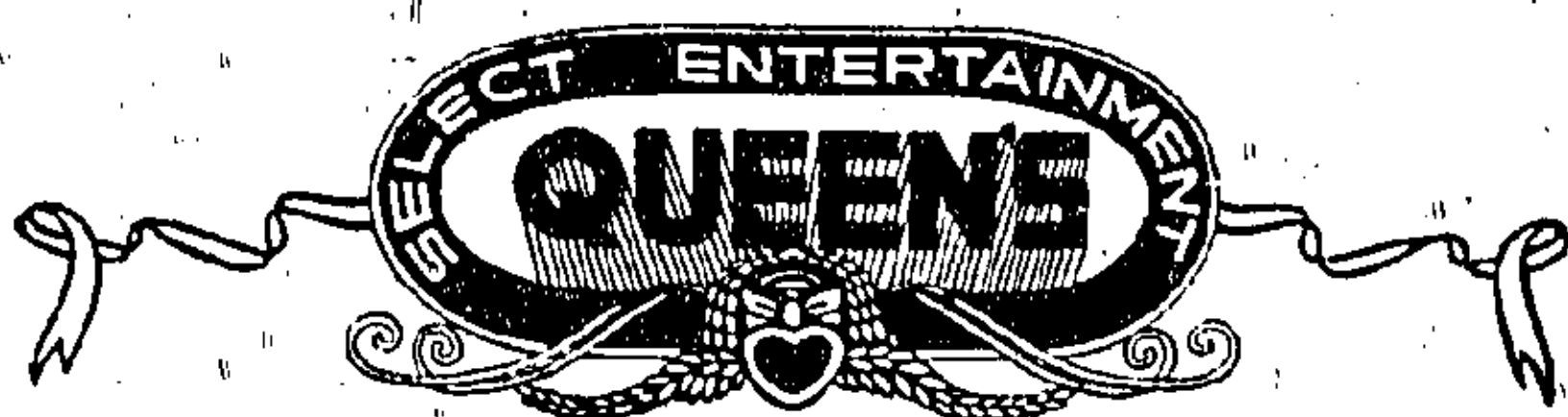
London, March 12.

Seven Scots are included in the Oxford University Rugby side which is shortly to play several matches in the U.S.A., mostly in California. Three are Internationalists—K. L. T. Jackson, C. F. Grieve, and M. M. G. Cooper—and three are blues—J. L. Stewart, Watson, this year's full back; J. M. B. M'Shane, the scrum half; and G. A. Reid, a forward. The remaining Scot is W. N. Renwick, the Lorettonian and London Scottish three-quarter.

There are 15 blues among the 22 players who will take part in the tour, and in addition to Jackson, Grieve, and Cooper, there are three other Internationalists—Prince Obolensky, England; G. R. Rees-Jones, Wales; and N. F. McGrath, Ireland.

The team leaves on March 19 and returns on April 23, and will make history by flying from New York to California for their first match, and also using the air for travelling to the venues of their other matches. This will involve over 1,000 miles of flying.

The three members of the side who will be taking part in the Calcutta Cup match at Twickenham—Cooper, Grieve, and Obolensky—will leave by a later boat and will be back in London on April 24.



SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30

**DOLORES
DEL RIO
EVERETT
MARSHALL**
In a new kind of love
story • A Warner
Bros. Picture

**"I LIVE
FOR
LOVE"**
with GUY KIBBEE
ALLEN JENKINS

NEXT CHANGE—

A Milk Punch to the
Solar Plexus!

**HAROLD
LLOYD**

The MILKY WAY

A Paramount Picture with
ADOLPHE MENJOU VERREE TEASDALE
HELEN MACK WILLIAM GARGAN
GEORGE BARBER DOROTHY WILSON
Directed by LEO MCCAREY

4 SHOWS
DAILY
2.30-5.15
7.15-9.30

**ORIENTAL
THEATRE**

FLUENING
ROAD
WANCHAI
TEL. 28473

2 DAYS ONLY TO-DAY • TO-MORROW

**THE STAR-STUDD
SONG PACKED FUN RIOT!**

See Rudy get, socked—and see him dish it out—when a two-gun
gangster picks him for a shotgun wedding!

A SUPERIOR
MUSICAL & RADIO SHOW
WITH
HELEN MORGAN
ALICE WHITE
ROBERT ARMSTRONG
JOE CANTHORNE
AL SHEAN
NED SPARKS

**TRUDY
VALLEE**
Sweet Music
ANN
DVORAK
Directed by Alfred E. Green

2 BANDS-10 STARS-6 SONG HITS

TO-DAY
&
TO-MORROW

**MAJESTIC
THEATRE**

At 2.30, 5.20,
7.20 & 9.20 P.M.

BUCK JONES
The Crimson Trail

A UNIVERSAL PICTURE

**CHARLIE
CHAPLIN
ON TOUR**

**Paulette Goes
With Him**

Charlie Chaplin and Paulette
Goddard, his latest leading lady,
to whom he is said to be engaged,
left Singapore for Java by aero-
plane.

When they arrived at Batavia,
Mr. Chaplin announced that he

will produce two films in 1937 in
which he will take no part. He
is also considering a film about
Napoleon.

Originally, says the British
United Press, they had planned
to cruise through the East In-
dies in the luxury yacht Sea
Belle, but the plans were changed.

Before leaving Singapore they
told the authorities that they
were postponing the charter of
the yacht until they returned.

The Sea Belle is the official
yacht of the Governor of Singa-
pore, Sir Shenton Thomas, but it
has been laid up because it was
considered too expensive an item
in official expenditure.

TO-DAY AT THE CINEMA

Hong Kong

KING'S:—

"Paddy, O'Day"
QUEEN'S:—
"I Live For Love"
ORIENTAL:—
"Sweet Music"

Kowloon

ALHAMBRA:—

"Grand Exit"
MAJESTIC:—
"The Crimson Trail"

STAR:—
"Front Page Woman"

Coming

KING'S:—

"King of Burlesque"

QUEEN'S:—

"The Milky Way"

ORIENTAL:—

"O'Shaughnessy's Boy"

ALHAMBRA:—

"I Dream Too Much"

STAR:—

"Accent on Youth"

THE MILKY WAY

Director Leo McCarey believes
that Harold Lloyd belongs in the
grand tradition of comedy artists
who have appealed to millions
with their pantomime.

McCarey is certain that the
spectacular comedian, whose new
picture comedy, Paramount's "The
Milky Way," the next attraction at
the Queen's Theatre, ranks among
the most talented pantomimists of
all time. He cites, in partial con-
firmation of his conviction, the
action of Rockefeller Foundation
in requesting the privilege of pre-
serving examples of Lloyd's screen
art for future generations. Future
historians of our era will study
Lloyd's early and current pictures
as unparalleled examples of
comedy.

"Every age since the Greeks,"
says McCarey, "has relished pan-
tomime, which has the virtue of
being the universal language. It
appeals to all types of people,
from the simple to the sophis-
ticated."

"Harold Lloyd was recently
quoted in a national magazine as
saying that a visual gag—a laugh
you apprehend wholly through the
eye—is better than a line gag,
one that must be heard or read.
He is right. Pantomime causes
the beholder to think, and allows
him the pleasant privilege of
interpreting the humour as he
wishes. The comedy of the future,
even when using talk and sound,
will be founded on the same prin-
ciples."

"The Milky Way" recounts the
hilarious adventures of a timid
milkman who ducks his way into
the prize ring. In the supporting
cast are Adolphe Menjou, Verree
Teasdale, Helen Mac, William
Gargan, Dorothy Wilson, George
Barber, and many others.

"KING OF BURLESQUE"

New and unrivalled thrills in
song, dance, laughter and drama
are brought to the screen by "King
of Burlesque," the Fox picture
coming on Saturday to the King's
Theatre, which turns the spotlight
on a fascinating new world of en-
tertainment.

Featuring Warner Baxter, Alice
Faye, Jack Oakie and Arline Judge,
at the head of an all-star cast, the
picture tells an absorbing love
story of the people who make the
nation's entertainment.

It follows Baxter's rise from the
"flesh" shows of 14th Street to the
glittering palaces of Broadway. It
traces his decline under the spiteful
control of his society wife,
played by Mona Barrie.

In the climax, the picture shows
how this master of entertainment
returns to his most spectacular
success and to the realization that
he had loved Alice Faye all the
time.

Sidney Lanfield directed the pic-
ture, which features a cluster of
brand new tunes from those wizard
composers, Jimmy McHugh and
Ted Koehler. "Spreadin' Rhythm
Around," "Shooting High," "Love-
ly Lady" and "Too Good to be
True" are the names of some of
them.

Specialty numbers by a stellar
cast of supporting players con-
tribute to the entertainment.

STRAIGHT FROM HOLLYWOOD

MARSHALL IN
HOLLYWOOD

Herbert Marshall, renowned as
Hollywood's No. 1 gentleman, has
a distinctly kindred feeling for the
clerk who aches to talk back to his
boss, the butler who would like to
tell his master where to go, and the
waiter who has served cranky
patrons all day.

In short, this eminently correct
and courteous star has a none-too-
well veiled desire to kick over the
traces. He has found that living
up to his gentlemanly reputation is
at times a very difficult task,
and he resigns himself to it only
under protest.

If Marshall, whose new Para-
mount picture is "REUNION,"
could only play a role which called
for some good old-fashioned to-
bacco chewing, his cup of happi-
ness would be brimming. Such a
role, however, will never come his
way and he knows it. He is destin-
ed to remain a gentleman.

"The die is cast so far as I'm
concerned," Marshall smiles. "As
a matter of fact, I don't suppose
I could get away with a tobacco
chewing role even if I could get
one. There will be no cuspidors in
my life, I'm afraid."

"I admit I was surprised when I
first learned that I was looked
upon as a gentleman, which I hope
and believe is not a distinction in
Hollywood. I've never especially
tried to be a gentleman, if you
know what I mean."

The four years spent—off and on—
in Hollywood by Marshall have
seen many changes, chiefly in the
people themselves, and their man-
ner of living.

"Hollywood is growing up," he
says. "That's about the only way
I can put it."

HIS SENSE OF HUMOUR

"When I first came here, wo-
men appeared in public wearing
slacks and men wore polo shirts.
Nowadays women are wearing
dressier clothes and giving more
thought to their wardrobes. The
men are still a bit laggard but
they're improving."

Marshall, in Hollywood, likes to
give vent to a pronounced sense
of humour. One of his particular
pleasures is a collection of photo-
graphs of himself and his friends
in unconventional poses, such as
delivering a swift kick to Alan
Mowbray. He spends a lot of
spare time thinking up ideas for
such pictures. One of his favour-
ite shows Bart tweaking the Gar-
gantuan schnozzle of Jimmy Dur-
ante.

Marshall often can be found at
McWbray's, both because he likes
him and because Mowbray owns
Hollywood's only English billiard
tables.

The full name is Herbert Brough
Marshall, the "Bart" having been
conferred upon him by his mother.
Mrs. Marshall had wanted to name
her son Herbert but didn't want
him to be called "Bertie." The
problem was solved for her before
the son's birth by a play the mo-
ther attended. In the play a mo-
ther with a son named Herbert
called him "Bart," so that was the
way it was.

Marshall possesses a remarkable
memory which he exercises chiefly
by committing to mind the 50 or
so telephone numbers he uses
most. Consequently he never con-
sults a telephone directory. He
says that if he makes a mistake
the telephone operator soon tells
him about it.

LILY PONS EXCELS

In "I Dream Too
Much"

Yesterday at the Alhambra
Theatre in a preview of Lily Pons'
first starring screen vehicle "I
Dream too Much," the greatest
singer that France has ever given
the world was seen in a story
that is something of the great
coloratura's own life story. The
picture can confidently be expect-
ed to draw capacity houses when
offered to the public.

Miss Pons plays the part of a
young girl eager to fling herself
into love and laughter, but is
driven to ceaseless hours of voice
practice by a tyrannical uncle.
When she meets an impoverished
composer (Henry Fonda) she sub-
merges her own talent in order to
urge him to greater creation.

Early in the picture Miss Pons
sings "Caro Nome" from Verdi's
"Rigoletto" and later the "Bell
Song" from Delibes' opera.
"Lakme," in which she made her
original debut. Besides her opera-
tic numbers, she also sings some
delightful original melodies from
the pen of Jerome Kern.

It has been said that to hear
her voice is an experience of a
life time. "I Dream Too Much"
more than justifies this claim.
Her superb voice is reproduced
flawlessly on the screen. Her
combination of youth, beauty, and
refreshing personality has stamp-
ed Lily Pons as one of the rarest
personalities ever to appear in the
musical world, and indeed ever to
appear on the silver screen. Her
debut in the latter form of enter-
tainment is a complete success.
"Redneam."

FRONT PAGE WOMAN

"Front Page Woman," one of
the most realistic and exciting of
any newspaper screen drama with
Bette Davis and George Brent in
the stellar roles, will be the at-
traction at the Star Theatre to-
day.

It is entirely different from any
other newspaper play, dealing with
the bitter rivalry of two star re-
porters, a man and a woman on
opposition papers, who are really
in love with each other, but do
their best to "scoop" each other.

The story starts in the press-
room of a state penitentiary, where
the girl reporter faints before she
is able to file the story. To save
her he files his own story to her
office with a note to have it re-
written. But the note is over-
looked and the same story appears
in the rival newspaper.

Both are in the "dog house" and
the girl is furious, believing her

HUGE FILM DEAL

British Share In A
Hollywood Co.

After months of negotiation a
deal has been concluded whereby
a British group has acquired, for
the first time, a big holding in an
important Hollywood film com-
pany.

The seller is Carl Laemmle, of
the Universal Picture Corporation.
The purchasers are an Anglo-
American group headed by Char-
les R. Rogers, of America, backed
by the Standard Capital Corpora-
tion, and C. M. Woolf, the English
film magnate, head of General
Film Distributors Ltd. The East-
man Kodak Corporation is also
involved.

Mr. Woolf has bought outright
Universal's distributing business
in this country, in addition to a
share in the Universal Corporation
of America. The price paid by
Mr. Woolf and his English asso-
ciates is said to be more than
£500,000.

The deal will facilitate the ex-
change of artists between England
and Hollywood, and give Mr.
Woolf and his British colleagues a
lever in negotiations for the dis-
tribution of products in the United
States.

Mr. Woolf was a furrier who
entered Wardour-street in 1919.
He established the W. and F. rent-
ing house, joined the Oster-
brothers in the Gaumont-British
Corporation, and recently resigned
his post as joint managing direc-
tor of the corporation to found
General Film Distributors Ltd.

rival had double crossed her. He
asks her to marry him, but she
refuses and determines to show
him that she really is a good
"newspaperman."

The two are assigned to a murder,
and alternate in scoring
"beats" on each other until the
final climax.

Bette Davis plays the role of the
newspaper woman and George
Brent is the reporter who is in
love with her but who scorns her
ability until she eventually beats
him at his own game.

Roscoe Karns plays a comedy
role as Brent's photographer while
Winifred Shaw has the part of a
Broadway stroller who finally con-
fesses to playing a wealthy play-
boy after Gordon Westcott, who
was with her at the time, had been
convicted of the crime.

Others in the large and talented
cast include Walter Walker, J.
Carroll Nash, Dorothy Dare, June
Marl, Joseph Crehan, J. Farrell
MacDonald, Addison Richards,
Joseph King, Selmar Jackson, Mike
Morita and George Benavent.

SHOWING TO-DAY **KING'S** At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

She sings, dances, mimics!

**Paddy
O'Day**
A Fox Picture
with JANE WITHERS

NEXT CHANGE • "KING OF BURLESQUE" with WARNER BAXTER ALICE FAYE JANE GARIE • FOX PICTURE

ALHAMBRA

• SHOWING TO-DAY •
A NEW TYPE OF SUPER-DETECTIVE
AMIDST FIRE-FIGHTERS & PYROMANIACS!

GO TO BLAZES!
THAT'S WHAT I GET
PAID FOR, SWEETHEART!

He's the G-man
of the fire fight-
ers... matching
clues and kisses
with a blonde
baby!

Edmund Lowe
LOWE-SOTHERN
Grand Exit
Directed by Ed. Renton

NEXT CHANGE

LILY PONS in "I DREAM TOO MUCH"
R.K.O. RADIO PICTURE

5,000 AT FILM BALL

Gaumont-British
Carnival

Although £400 was returned to
disappointed applicants for tickets,
5,000 people, including 2,500 em-
ployees, attended the Gaumont-
British Corporation's Carnival Ball
at the Albert Hall.

The car park extended in two
rows for half a mile along Queen's-
gate. Film celebrities present in-
cluded:

Mr. George Arliss, Miss Jessie
Matthews, Mr. Sonnie Hale, Mr.
Jack Hulbert, Miss Cecely Court-
neidge, Mr. Boris Karloff, Mr.
Mark Ostrer, Mr. Maurice Ostrer,
Mr. David Ostrer, Mr. Edmund
Lowe, Mr. Victor Saville, Mr. Al-
bert de Courville, Miss Constance
Cummings.

Sir Cedric Hardwicke, Mr. Tom
Walls, Mr. Will Hay, Miss Yvonne
Arnaut, Miss Anna Lee, and Mr.
William Beaudine.

Mr. Arliss, Mr. Hulbert, Miss
Courtneidge, Miss Matthews, Mr.
Hale, Mr. Walls, Mr. Karloff, Miss
Jane Carr, Miss Arnaut, and Miss
Peggy Ashcroft all broadcast, and
Mr. Henry Hall, Mr. John Loos, Mr.
Jack Jackson, Gerald, Mr. Lew
Stone took turns in conducting
the Gaumont British Studio Or-
chestra, to which the guests
danced till three in the morning.

GRAND EXIT

Ann Sothorn has an unusual
hobby for a young and attractive
girl.

Although the Columbia actress,
who is co-starred with Edmund
Lowe in "Grand Exit" coming on
Wednesday to the Alhambra
Theatre, likes to play tennis, to
swim and to ride, her favourite
athletic diversion is fishing!

Ever since she spent her summer
vacations in the Minnesota lake
region, Miss Sothorn has ranked
fishing as her preferred sport.
Since then she has become expert
at capturing elusive rainbow trout
in the mountain streams of the
High Sierras, at landing fighting
salmon in bays and rivers of the

STAR TO-DAY & TO-MORROW

It's The Screen
Scoop of the Year!

**BETTE DAVIS
GEORGE BRENT**

**FRONT
PAGE WOMAN**

Warner Bros. Headline Hit

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

**SYLVIA SIDNEY
HERBERT MARSHALL in**

"ACCENT ON YOUTH"

Pacific Northwest, and at wading
a deep-sea rod and reel in waters
off the California coast.

Ann likes deep-sea fishing best of
all. In Mexican and California
waters she has caught giant sun-
fish, marlin swordfish, tuna, bar-
racuda, albacore and yellowtail.
She is as well-informed on the re-
lative merits of different kinds of
fishing tackle as most young women
of her age are about new fads and
fancies in feminine trappings.

On a recent trip to Ensenada,
popular Mexican resort, Miss Soth-
orn astonished her masculine com-
panions, all of whom considered
themselves expert fishermen, by
making not only the first catch of
the day, but ending up with the
biggest barracuda—a 10-pounder!
—and the greatest quantity!

"Always Something New"

at

Maizee's



Spend the Livelong Day
in

Cottons

Clean, crisp and cool,
the ideal fabric for the
Summer.

Showing now
at

\$16.50

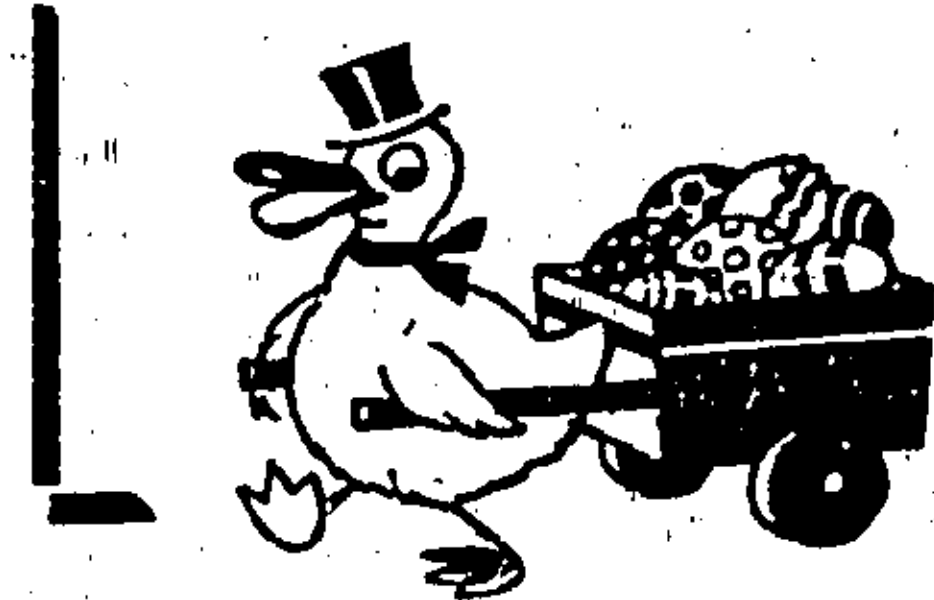
Protect your face
with
Helena Rubenstein's
Beauty Preparations

**A Happy
Easter!**



QUACK! QUACK!

- There's something "different" in every one of the attractive assortments and special candies we offer for Easter.
- We've made sure that you can make a choice exactly to your liking and the price you want to pay.



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Around the Courts

UNCERTAINTY

Remarking that he did not want to make an expulsion order until he was quite sure what the defendant was, Mr. Balfour, at the Central Magistracy yesterday, committed Mong Sing, 25, Burmese, to the House of Detention, on a charge of vagrancy. The defendant pleaded guilty to entering the Colony without a valid passport.

CAUGHT IN THE ACT

Yip Hin-chol, 25, unemployed, was sentenced to twelve months' hard labour by Mr. Balfour at the Central Magistracy yesterday on charges of the theft of clothing from Salying-pun Market and returning from banishment. Sergeant T. R. Hunter, of Upper Levels Police Station, stated the defendant was caught in the act of stealing at 2.30 on Sunday morning. He was wearing a jacket and a pair of trousers that had been removed from the basket. Kwan Yuk, 30, unemployed, was sent to prison for six months on a charge of returning to Hong Kong after being deported for five years in 1933. Sub-Inspector Sabey prosecuted.

BROTHELS AGAIN

A fine of \$30, with the alternative of three weeks' hard labour, was imposed by Mr. Balfour at the Central Magistracy yesterday on each of three women, Li Kuen Pun, 25, and Li Lan, who admitted keeping sly brothels at 2, Swatow Lane, 9, Wanchai Road, and 4, Swatow Lane, respectively. Sub-Inspector T. K. Whelan prosecuted.

DUCK'S KIDNEYS

The theft of 35 ducks' kidneys from the doorway of 113 Queen's Road Central was admitted by Wong Yee, 30, coolie, when he appeared before Mr. Balfour at the Central Police Court yesterday and was bound over. Sub-Inspector Sabey stated that defendant was seen to steal.

WRIT THROWN OUT

The plaintiff failed to appear at the Supreme Court yesterday when Mrs. J. Watson, 13, Hillwood Road, appeared to answer a claim for \$35 for work done and material supplied in December last. Plaintiff was Walter Shillito Vaughan Curtis, engineer, trading as the Duro Pump and Engineering Company. Mr. Justice J. J. Hayden threw out the writ.

BENEFIT OF DOUBT

The remand case in which two women, Ng Sze, 18, and Li Kiu, 19, were charged with the possession of 71,500 heroin pills on the third floor of 88, Lockhart Road, Wanchai, was concluded before Mr. Balfour at the Central Police Court yesterday.

At the previous hearing it was stated that Ng Sze was employed as an amah five or six days prior to the raid on March 14 and that the mistress, Chan Ping, was absent. Li Kiu was invited to stay on the premises the previous night as Ng Sze was lonely.

ASSAULT CHARGES

Complainants
Detained In
Hospital

A case of attempted larceny followed by an alleged assault in which one of the party received wounds that necessitated his removal to hospital, occupied the attention of Mr. Q.A.A. Macfadyen at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday.

Detective Sergeant C. Goodwin, who is in charge of the case for the police, produced a certificate showing that the wounded man is being retained in hospital, and asked for a formal remand.

ANOTHER CASE

Lam San Chol, 36 years of age, unemployed was charged with attempted theft of four iron bars at a new building site at the junction of Boundary Street and Lal Chi Kok Road on April 6, the property of the Wah Mei building contractors, and with assault causing grievous bodily harm to Chung Yuk, 37 year-of-age, a bricklayer, employed by the Wah Mei contractors, on the same date.

Accused pleaded not guilty to the charge of attempted theft, and in answer to the second charge, said that he was himself assaulted by many people.

In making an application for a remand, Detective Sergeant Good-

win said that the complainant in the second offence received five stab wounds, apparently inflicted with a knife.

A formal remand of one week was granted.

The heroin pills and paraphernalia were confiscated.

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POSSESSION OF COUNTERFEIT COINS

Man Committed To Stand Trial

Yu Kam, 30, a carpenter of no fixed abode was committed to stand his trial at the next Criminal Sessions yesterday when he was charged before Mr. Keen at the Kowloon Court with having, on March 30 last at Reclamation Street to be in possession of 250 pieces of 10-cent counterfeit coins of the 1935 issue.

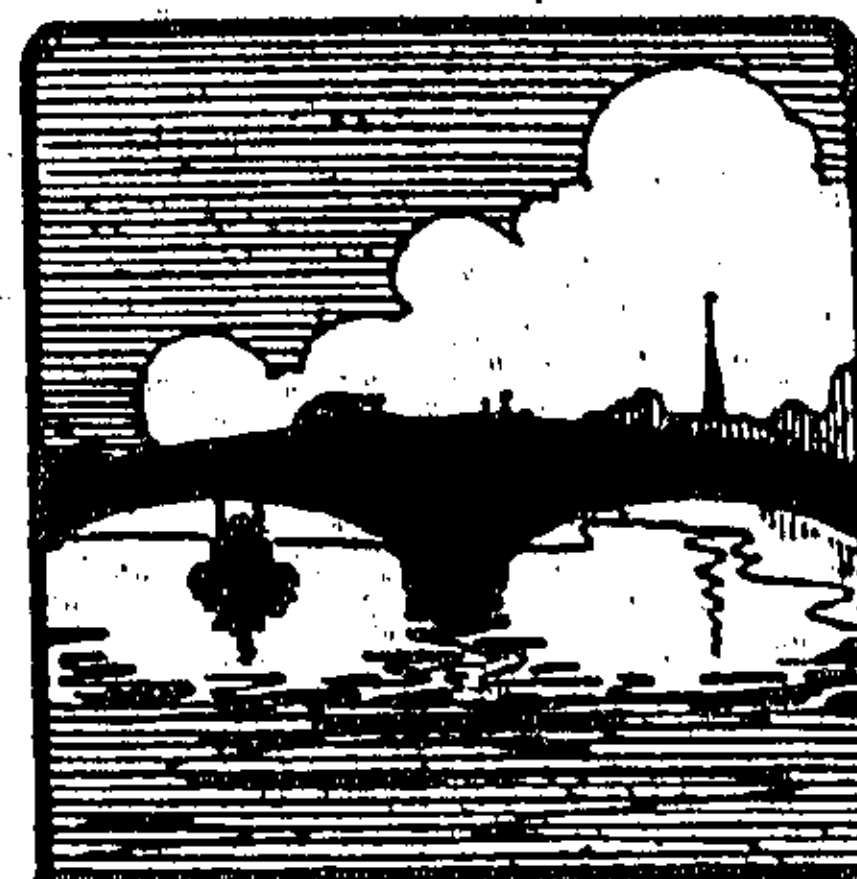
Det.-Sergt. D. L. Davies prosecuted. He stated that Chan Sau, Chinese Detective C17, on the day in question at about 3 p.m. was standing at the junction of Austin and Canton Roads, when he saw defendant, who was walking along Canton Road towards Battery Street. He was carrying an overcoat in one hand. The detective suspected him of having stolen the overcoat from someone, and at the entrance of Bowring Street, near Reclamation Street, he stopped and questioned him. Defendant replied that he was carrying the overcoat for a foki and pointed in the direction of Shanghai Street. The detective went with him to the place and he stopped a man, who denied that he was the owner of the overcoat, although he admitted that he was a clansman's of defendant.

COINS FOUND

Detective C17 brought both defendant and the man to the Water Police Station. On the way, defendant altered his story, saying that the overcoat was lent to him by a friend Tsang Fook, who lived in Peel Street at the Wut Kee tailor shop on the Hong Kong side. Brought to the police station, the overcoat was searched as the result of which the counterfeit coins in the right hand pocket were found contained in a paper parcel.

After Sergt. Davies had given formal evidence, J. G. Whitcroft, Lance Sergeant A158 attached to the Treasury Department went in the witness box. He said that he

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HOTEL**

on
**SUNDAY
19th**

April, 1936

Commencing at 8 p.m.

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LIFE OF SIR WILLIAM GILBERT

FATHER RYAN'S ADDRESS TO ENGLISH ASSOCIATION

His Operas With Sullivan And Influence On Theatre

"Gilbert of the Savoy" was the title of the address delivered last night at the Helena May Institute to members of the Hong Kong Branch of the English Association by Father Ryan S.J.

In his long address, Father Ryan touched on the life of Sir William Gilbert, his collaboration with Sir Arthur Sullivan and his influence on the English theatre.

Opportunity was also taken to say farewell to Sir Thomas and Lady Southern.

In the discussion that followed the address, Prof. C. A. Middleton-Smith recalled that many years ago when he was demonstrator at King's College, London, he was asked to speak at the annual meeting of the Engineering Society and while looking over the minute books discovered that the secretary at one stage had been a man by the name of W. S. Gilbert.

"The most amazing thing about this newly-appointed secretary was," said Prof. Middleton-Smith, "that at the second meeting he moved that for the rest of the session the meeting should be concerned with Shakespeare and musical comedies."

As a result, Gilbert was asked to speak at the meeting and turned out to be an exceedingly witty after-dinner speaker, he said.

Other speakers at the discussion yesterday included Mr. G. P. de Martin and Sir Thomas Southern who proposed the vote of thanks.

In wishing Sir Thomas and Lady Southern every success in the future, Sir William Hornell recalled that they had been the founders of the Hong Kong branch of the English Association and had done much to foster it.

Sir Thomas replied, thanking those present and mentioned Sir Cecil Clementi, Sir William Hornell and Prof. Simpson as having been associated with him in his work for the Association. He promised the gathering that if there were no Gambia branch of the Association, there soon would be one.

"My one great disappointment with the Association has been that so few people take part in the discussions," said Sir Thomas. "We had intended these talks not to be merely lectures but that those present should take up any point they disagreed with and start a discussion which might be profitable to everyone. I hope that this Association will not develop into a lecture society and that people will get up after the lecturer has spoken and say what they think."

Lady Southern also thanked the gathering.

It was announced that the next meeting of the Association would be held in October.

THE LECTURE

Owing to pressure on space Father Ryan's address can be given only in part to-day. The remainder will be published to-morrow.

Father Ryan said:—

Within the past few weeks, ever since the title of this paper was announced, I have discovered that an 'apologia' is necessary for Gilbert. Surprise has been expressed to me that I did not choose a more ponderous subject, and I have been asked if I was aware that this is a serious body. It was, I found, no use to reply that I had learned from experience that it is a very serious body, sometimes perhaps even too serious.

But whatever may be the difficulty of putting reasons before those who have the honour of the English Association so much at heart that they never attend its sessions, I do not think that many here will regard Sir William Gilbert as unworthy of our consideration. It would be a very dull musical society indeed that would bar from its discussions the musical side of the Gilbert and Sullivan partnership, and if the dullness of musical societies is proverbial, must we be duller still? My only regret is that we have to seem to sever that delightful partnership, and if sometimes I seem to step over the limits from the half I have chosen into the other half I am sure that I shall be forgiven.

OPERA'S POPULARITY

There is no need for me to tell you about the position held in the English world of entertainment by the Savoy operas. Probably there

are few among you to whom they have not meant many well-remembered hours of enjoyment. To some they may have meant much more. It is only in recent years that we have begun to give full tribute to those influences that were working on our childish character when professional educators were doing their best, or worst, with us. It is not an uncommon thing now for an eminent personage to admit that he was "brought up on 'Allice in Wonderland'" and there are some too who could confess that they were brought up on "Gilbert and Sullivan."

At any rate, if there are any here whose first knowledge of the East was concerned with the doings in the town of Tipton, whose ear-East was concerned with the doings spiced with the hope of meeting some lonely cove a pirate band a blood-thirsty and musical who in childhood years could never look on a posse of police without watching eagerly to see if they would turn round and sing "Taranterara," whose first one-finger efforts on the piano were centred on "Mya sama" or "Dear Little Buttercup"—if these are your childhood memories, then there is a bond between us, for they are also mine.

THEATRE'S HISTORY

Sixty years ago the English theatre was in a state of transition. Somehow it nearly always seems to be in that state, but then it was really so. The stage in the eighteenth century had been a conventional but brilliant; in the first half of the nineteenth century it was neither conventional nor brilliant; and when another fifty years had passed it was conventional once more but thoroughly commonplace. The English theatre in the first half of the last century presents a striking parallel to the development of the cinema in our day, the one big difference being that things move much faster nowadays.

When the Napoleonic wars were over, the relief from anxiety which was felt in English inevitably created a greater desire for enjoyment, and the growth of education made many seek that enjoyment in the theatre, so that never since the days of Elizabeth was the theatre so popular. It was difficult to supply this sudden demand for theatrical entertainment. There were very few licensed theatres, and to cope with the crowds these were increased to such a size that little could be heard, and the stage had to be given over to what was spectacular and to the portrayal of violent feelings.

Unlicensed theatres sprang up, living an exciting and often a very brief life, and able to pay very little to those who provided the plays, and other places where music could be played or where performing animals appeared began to produce plays, but keeping the music and the animals, in order to escape the censure of the Lord Chamberlain. In these circumstances the demand for new plays was enormous, as there has been for cinema plays to-day, and there was no time for originality. Subjects from all sources were turned into plays overnight, and there was no law of copyright to interfere. French and German plays were translated and adapted, English and French novels were ransacked for plots, even Pope's "The Rape of the Lock" appearing as a play.

NOTHING SUBTLE

There was a rush of comedy and farce, spectacle and burlesque, opera and melodrama. There was nothing subtle or delicate. What was wanted was the play of broad effects and simple emotions, interspersed with songs and dances, loud farce and gory melodrama, with turning windmills and real horses and real waterfalls, when the ancestors of the Hollywood pro-

ducers were there to provide them.

When a new Act in 1843 allowed the theatres more liberty, managers had decided that they knew what the public wanted and all the plays fitted into one or two regular moulds, and most of them were written by hack writers retained by the theatres to put together whatever was required at the moment. After the first rush, again as in the cinema, things began to settle down and gradually some authors appeared, who restored some semblance to real life, to life as depicted on the stage. Production, too, began to improve, and some approach to naturalism began to replace the conventions that hitherto made people act so unnaturally. T. W. Robertson marks a turning-point. His plays, such as "Caste and School" and "Ours," though crude and elementary to modern taste, brought something of real life within the walls of the theatre, while as a producer he represented even a "more definite break with convention."

The new ground was already broken when Gilbert began his association with the theatre. Like many another man in theatrical history he came to it with varied gifts and varied experiences. At the beginning of his dramatic career his chief assets were a cynical wit, a strong temper and a father who was obviously the source of both; his liabilities were too much cynicism in his wit, too much fire in his temper, and too much of a father who too obviously the source of his wit and his temper.

GILBERT'S FATHER

His father, also William, was a naval surgeon who took to writing late in life—too late to give free play to the biting humour and whimsical imagination that his books display—and who brought to civilian life the temper and the tongue that were then associated with the quarter-deck. He had threatened with violence so many publishers and editors, that he was a handicap to the younger William, but like many fathers of violent tempers he had a strong affection for his son, who, when quite young, illustrated his books and was helped a lot in his early work by his father's shrewd criticism.

Young William intended to become an artillery officer, but as the Crimean War came to an end before he was granted his commission he lost interest in the army, though he served in the militia for twenty years. After passing a civil service examination he became a clerk in the Education Department in which he spent four thoroughly miserable years. He was then called to the bar at which he had a brief and thoroughly undistinguished career. His first client was a woman pick-pocket who threw her boot at him when he failed to save her from conviction. He was more successful in defending a French client, who showed his gratitude by kissing him loudly in open court when the verdict was announced.

It is not recorded whether his other clients were equally demonstrative, but at any rate they did not do much to spread his fame, for in his four years at the bar he had only about twenty clients in all, and his total earnings were £75.

As quite a young boy, Gilbert tried to become an actor. It is doubtful if he would have succeeded in that profession, for his few appearances later on were not noteworthy. He played Harlequin once at a charity matinee, and one manager's criticism of his performance was that it gave a good idea of what Oliver Cromwell would have made of the character. His interest in the theatre, however, provided the chief solace to his monotonous life in the Civil Service. He had ambitions as a playwright.

By the time he was twenty-four he had written fifteen plays. They were the usual plays of a young enthusiast, and in one of them there were eighteen scenes, four cat-acts and a house on fire.

WROTE FOR "FUN"

It was when he was a young barrister that the first signs of his real genius began to appear. This was in the comic verse which he contributed to the new paper Fun, since Punch refused them. Both the words and the drawings were reminiscent of Thackeray's early work, but in deftness and punning they left Thackeray far behind. They were signed "Bab," his own family nickname as a child, and when collected a few years later they began their long career of popularity as the "Bab Ballads."

The success of these poems led to other adventures in journalism, and as it proved more successful than the bar, Gilbert changed his

ACID THROWING AFFAIR

No Intention Says Defendant

Further proceedings in the ghastly acid throwing case in which Fie Kee is charged with throwing corrosive acid over Yip Lin, a kept woman, was heard yesterday at the Central Police Court before Mr. W. Schofield.

Sub-Inspector A. Carey was for the prosecution.

Yesterday, Tung Shan, police constable gave evidence of the arrest of the defendant. He was followed into the box by Leung Cheung, employee of the Sit Heung Yuen, who stated that the firm had a license to sell acid. He produced a paper bearing the name of Tsui Bun who had purchased the acid which had been used in the attack.

Tsui Bun when in the box stated that he had bought the acid at the request of the defendant who had told him that he wanted it for the manufacture of gas to fill toy balloons.

ANALYST'S EVIDENCE

Sub-Inspector A. Carey then gave formal evidence, after which Mr. V. C. Branson, Government Analyst, deposed to the finding of acid on six articles of clothing, an umbrella, a glass jar and a glass bottle which were submitted to him for examination.

The defendant then entered the box and stated that when he took the complainant to wife it was agreed that she should get \$10. When she came and asked for 50 cents a day for house expenses it was given to her but only for ten days.

She then requested that she be allowed to keep his capital and upon being refused this she became very angry. They constantly had quarrels and on these occasions she threatened that she would go away with another man. She had also challenged him (defendant) to stab her with a dagger. This challenge she always made when she was angry.

When she finally did leave in December, 1935, she took with her \$45 of defendant's. It was after this, defendant stated, that he went to her with acid with the intention of threatening her because she had said that she was afraid of him. Upon arriving at Keswick Street, defendant stated that he had waited for a while and when complainant had come out of the house where she had been, they saw each other and that she had walked away towards the entrance of the street. When she reached the last house of Jardine's Bazaar, she met a friend who had stopped to talk to her.

THREAT INTENTION

Defendant continued that he walked past her and had held up the bottle for her to see with the intention of threatening her. He had no intention of pouring it over her. She tried to ward off his hand with the umbrella which she was carrying and that this action caused defendant to spill some of the acid on his palm. The pain was so great, he said, that he was forced to let the bottle fall and it fell on to the complainant's face. Seeing this he ran away but was arrested by the constable in Jardine's Bazaar.

In answer to questions the defendant stated that he had asked an apprentice to buy the acid for him but only with the intention of frightening the complainant as she had been too saucy and aggressive.

His Worship committed the defendant to stand his trial at the next Criminal Sessions.

career once more, and very readily. As a dramatic critic he wrote criticisms that were much more violent than those which led him to take legal action many times in later years when they were directed against himself, and his life was becoming more and more centred on the theatre. His real ambition now was to be a dramatist, but soon he began to realise that if he wanted to succeed in that career he must make friends of those whom he was turning into enemies by his criticism, so he dropped dramatic criticism in print—though to the end of his life it continued to drip from his tongue, in acid drops.

He was friendly in those days with T. W. Robertson, whom I have already mentioned and with another popular dramatist of the time, E. J. Byron, who edited "Fun," and was the author of "Our Boys" and other dramas and comedies that united shrewd work-

(Continued on page 12)

DR. MACGOWN LEAVING

A Popular Sporting Figure

By the departure from the Colony by the Blue Funnel liner Hector of Dr. C. C. Macgown, principal of the medical firm of Macgown, Anderson and Durran, Hong Kong will be losing one of its most esteemed residents and most popular sportsmen to-day.

Dr. Macgown, who intends to settle down in practice at Home, will be accompanied by his wife and their two children, Miss Heather Macgown and Master Sandy Macgown.

Dr. Macgown has resided in the Colony for many years, and apart from his firm's professional work, he has been on the consulting staff of the Alice Memorial and Affiliated Hospitals and a member of the New Territories Medical Benevolent Branch of the St. John Ambulance Brigade. He has also been the principal medical officer of the China Underwriters, Ltd.

Being a man of marked ability and of sterling character, Dr. Macgown has been prominently associated with the social and sporting life of the Colony, and has also figured as an enthusiastic official of the Hong Kong St. Andrew's Society, of which he is President.

Dr. Macgown is a keen amateur rider and owner, being Chairman of the Fanling Hunt and Race Club and a steward of the Jockey Club. He is also a keen amateur airman.

Dr. Macgown has been an ardent Volunteer, holding the rank of Major in the Medical Section of the Defence Corps, while during the Great War from 1914 to 1918, he was also on service.

By their charm of personality and social qualities, both Dr. and Mrs. Macgown have made numerous friends, who will wish them all health, happiness and prosperity in the Old Country.

PROPERTY SALES

Three Lots Disposed

At Messrs. Lammert Brothers' Sales Rooms, No. 4, Duddell Street yesterday afternoon, three lots of valuable leasehold property were sold by public auction, by order of the mortgagees. The Netherlands Trading Society was the successful bidder, and secured all the three lots.

The first lot, registered at the Land Office as Inland Lot No. 987, has an area of about 2,842 square feet, and its annual Crown Rental is \$32. The lot is to be held from the Crown for the unexpired residue of the term of 999 years, commencing from 22nd January 1844. The price was \$21,000.

The second lot, registered at the Land Office as the Remaining Portion of Inland Lot No. 968, has an area of about 1,305 square feet, and its annual Crown Rental is \$122.00. The lot is to be held from the Crown for the unexpired residue of the term of 999 years, commencing from 26th June 1843. The price was \$15,500.

The third lot, registered at the Land Office as the Remaining Portion of Inland Lot No. 2387, has an area of about 21,014 square feet, and its annual Crown Rental is \$304. The lot is to be held from the Crown for the unexpired residue of the term of 75 years, with the option of renewal for one further term of 75 years. The upset price for the lot was \$50,000, which was increased up to \$50,500.

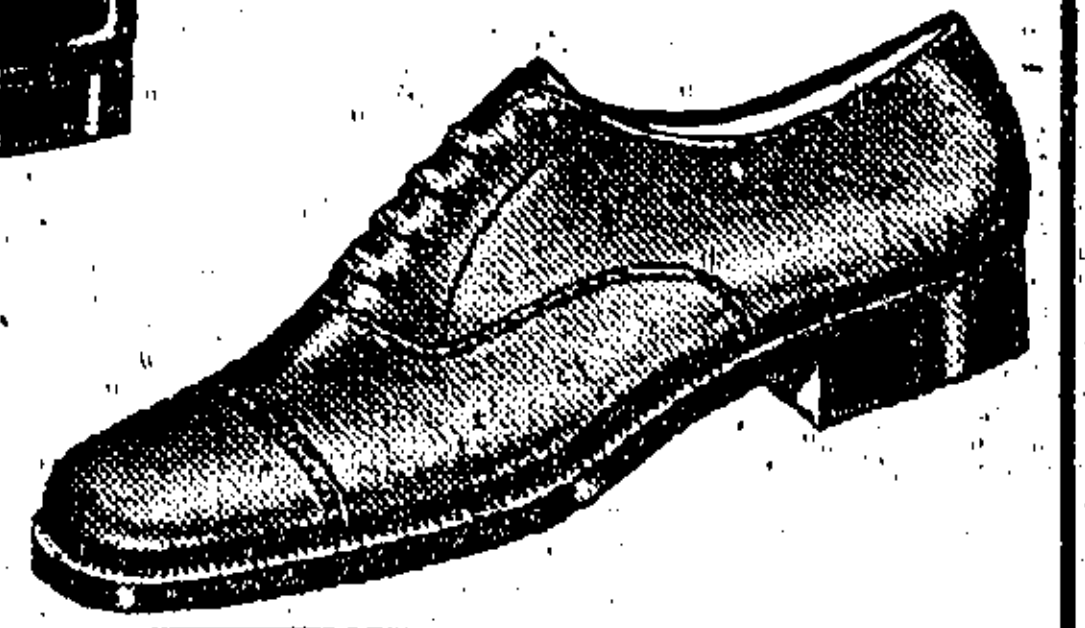
Mr. L. E. Lammert conducted the sales, while Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist were the solicitors for the mortgagees.

AHEAD OF SCHEDULE

Dorado Carried No Passenger

Helped along by a following wind on her way from Tsurane to this Colony, the Imperial Airways mail and passenger liner Dorado arrived here yesterday morning three quarters of an hour ahead of its schedule.

Although a thick fog was noticed near and around the Colony this did not prove of any difficulty to the ship. No passengers were carried on this trip.



When you visit Lane, Crawford's for Shoes, you profit by the experience of a House which has followed the development of shoe-fitting stage by stage.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

BANK HOLIDAYS.

IN Accordance with Government Ordinance, the EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED for the TRANSACTION of PUBLIC BUSINESS on FRIDAY, SATURDAY & MONDAY, the 10th, 11th and 13th APRIL, 1936 (Easter Holidays).
Hong Kong, 7th April, 1936. [4348]

NOTICE.

THE Senior Partner of Mackie Bros. Co., has gone to Swatow on urgent wholesale business. The Junior Partner will be in charge of the Firm for a few days only. [4347]

ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE, STANLEY.

THE Summer Term begins April 14th. New Students should attend on that day. For prospectus, for Boarders and Day-boys, apply St. Stephen's College, Stanley. [4346]

THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE is hereby given that the ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTiETH ORDINARY MEETING of Shareholders in the Company will be held at the Office of the Company, Queen's Building, Victoria, Hong Kong, on Wednesday, the 22nd April, 1936, at noon, for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts, and re-electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 16th April to the 22nd April, 1936, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
H. DA LUZ,
Secretary.
Hong Kong, 8th April, 1936. [4348]

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTY-FIRST Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Company (since its registration) will be held at the Hong Kong Hotel, Hong Kong, on Wednesday, the 15th April, 1936, at 11.30 A.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Managers, together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st October, 1935.

The Register of Shares of the Company will be closed from Saturday, the 11th day of April, to Friday, the 17th day of April, 1936, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.
Hong Kong, 4 April, 1936. [4337]

THE INDU-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

THE Fifty-fifth Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the Office of the General Managers, Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., Pedder Street, Hong Kong, on Wednesday, 22nd April, 1936, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, passing the Accounts, and electing Directors and Auditors.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be CLOSED from the 15th April to the 6th May inclusive.
By Order of the Board,
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
General Managers.
Hong Kong 2nd April, 1936. [4338]

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

THE THIRD EXTRA RACE MEETING will be held (Weather Permitting) at HAPPY VALLEY on SATURDAY, 11th and MONDAY, 13th APRIL, 1936, commencing at 12.30 P.M. on each day.

The First Bell will be rung at 12 NOON on each day.

By Order,
S. A. SLEAP,
Actg. Secretary.
Hong Kong, 6th April, 1936. [4340]

ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE

- Two Brush Ljungstrom turbines. Each turbine runs at 3,000 r.p.m. and is fitted with two generators, the combined capacity of which is 500 kilowatts. These sets are 3-phase, 50 periods, 600 volts.
- One 30,000 pound Babcock and Wilcox Marine type Boiler fitted with Superheaters and Economisers complete with chimney suitable for working up to 200 pounds pressure. This boiler is fitted with chain grate stokers.
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PENANG, S.S. [4298]

TORNADO CLAIMS MANY VICTIMS

Houses Hurlled Into The Air

Tupelo (Ala.), Apr. 6.
A violent tornado struck the town to-day, and the death toll is estimated at between 100 and 125. A hospital and many other buildings were destroyed.

Churches have been hurriedly converted into mortuaries for the dead and hospitals for the injured. The negro section of the town has been demolished, many houses being hurled into the air.

The Governor has ordered out the National Guard to maintain order.

Reuter's Bulletin Service.
Atlanta, Apr. 6.
Many people are reported to have been killed at Gainesville, Georgia, when the town was struck by a tornado.

An eye-witness describes the tornado as roaring like a thousand locomotives.

Reuter's Bulletin Service.

FIVE HUNDRED DEATHS

Washington, Apr. 7.
Red Cross headquarters state that 429 bodies have been already recovered from the wreckage left by the tornado in the Southern States, and 1,727 are reported to be seriously injured. It is estimated that the final death toll will exceed 500.

Reuter.

MANCHUKUO PROTEST TO OUTER MONGOLIA

Apology Demanded

Changchun, Apr. 7.
Demanding an official apology by the Outer Mongolian Government and the punishment of the officials responsible for the incident, the Foreign Minister, General Chang Yen-ching, has lodged a telegraphic protest with the Outer Mongolian Premier, Mr. Guendun, over the firing between Outer Mongolian troops and Japanese guards last Tuesday south-east of Hailamiao.

Describing the incident which resulted in the death of the Japanese soldier as "an intolerable act of violence," the Manchukuo protest is said to have warned Ulanbator that Changchun reserves the right to ask for a guarantee against the recurrence of similar incidents. Hsinking's version of fighting was appended to the protest.

Union News.

AMERICAN ADMIRAL VISITS CANTON

Canton, Apr. 7.
Admiral Orin Gould Murfin, Commander-in-Chief of the American Asiatic Fleet, to-day visited places of interest in Canton following an exchange of visits with Chinese officials.

A dinner in honour of the Admiral was given to night by Mr. Lin Yun-kai, Chairman of the Kwangtung Provincial Government and Mayor Liu Chi-wen, and another dinner will be given to-morrow night by Consul General C. J. Spiker.

Admiral Murfin will leave here on Thursday morning aboard the U.S.S. Isabel for Hong Kong.

Union News.

DEATH

HUSSEY-FREKE.—On March 23, 1936, at Castle Hill House, Torrington, Devon, Frederick Hussey-Freke.

BAIN.—On March 26, 1936, in London, Frederick Douglas Bain, dearly loved husband of Mabel Bain, aged 55.

ENGAGEMENT

The engagement is announced between Cuthbert (Peter) Tyrwhitt, The Worcestershire Regiment, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Tyrwhitt, of 2, Russell Road, W.14, and Della Gurnee Scott, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Norman Scott, of New York. The marriage will take place in China before Easter.

Editorial and Business Office: 11, Ice House Street. Tel. 30251.
Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. 24511.
London Office: 53, Fleet Street E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, APRIL 8, 1936.

FREE TRADE AND COLONIES

Lord Arnold was well advised to raise again recently the question of British economic imperialism and its relation to the expansionist demands of the dissatisfied Powers. In a debate in the House of Lords he stressed the large control possessed by the British Empire of essential raw materials and contrasted it with the inadequate supplies of the Germans, the Italians, and the Japanese. The problem is, of course, less that of control than of access to supplies, and it is here that Free Trade would help. If the dissatisfied Powers were able to sell their goods freely in Europe they might obtain the foreign exchange with which to buy all the raw materials that they need, and to the extent that their grievances were economic they might be largely appeased. The practical difficulty is the vested interests in the so-called "saturated" countries. However, one feasible action that would at least show our willingness to seek a constructive peace policy would be the abolition of the colonial preferences that we imposed in 1932 and were not demanded by the principle of "trusteeship."

Furthermore, an effort to form a low-tariff group open to universal membership remains a hopeful project, although our Government has refused to explore the possibilities in that direction. (Has it ever been proposed that the Ottawa agreements should be open to outsiders?) It is all very well for Lord Plymouth, the Government spokesman, to tell us that it is the policy of the Government to do all it can to lower trade barriers and at the same time to say that there are practical difficulties in the way of Free Trade. Nobody is suggesting that the world can return to Free Trade overnight, or that the Japanese will become men of peace if we allow them to send boots to the West Indies. But some first step must be taken by us unless we would simply fence off our colonial Empire, arm to the teeth, and await the worst.

Union News.

CHINA CLIPPERS NOT FOR MACAO

Branch Service From Manila

Manila, Apr. 7.
It is understood that the Manila-Macao leg of the Pan-American Airways service, when it is operative, will not be served by the big Clipper machines, but by auxiliary airliners.

The Clippers are only for the Manila-Alameda service, and the long, ocean flights, and Macao can be connected with Manila by ships less costly of operation.

The Philippine Clipper, which has been delayed in Manila since March 7, was scheduled to take off for Alameda this morning at 1 a.m., but was unable to leave at the last minute owing to a spark plug defect. It is expected she will take off to-morrow morning.

This machine has one new engine, which the China Clipper brought to Manila on her last flight, and it was because of the trouble with the engine now replaced that the long delay in departure was necessary.

Reuter.

FIRE STILL RAGING

Tricolor Steaming Full Speed

San Francisco, April 7.
The Norwegian motorship Tricolor has sent a wireless message to all ships in the vicinity reporting that the flames are still raging in No. 5 hold and asking them to stand by.

According to the Globe Wireless Station, the vessel is still steaming full speed between Japan and Hawaii. The coastguard cutter Itasca is racing for Honolulu.

The vessel was on a voyage to San Francisco from the Philippines when the fire broke out 1,000 miles away from Yokohama. The sixteen passengers on board were transferred to the freighter Yarraville and the Tricolor then decided to make for Honolulu.

Reuter.

CANTON-HANKOW RAIL TRAFFIC

Canton, Apr. 7.
Through train between Canton and Hankow will begin on October 10, the 25th Anniversary of the Chinese Republic.

The South-West Political Council has decided that Canton be the main terminus on the trunk line, while the attitude of the Ministry of Railways is unknown.

While in Canton, Mr. Chang Kia-ngau, Minister of Railways, stated that the Central Authorities desired to establish the main station at Hankow. Human province Union News.

MONGOL ALLIANCE WITH RUSSIA

Assistance In Case Of Japanese Aggression

Moscow, April 7.
The People's Assembly of the Outer Mongolian Republic, has approved the Soviet-Outer Mongolian mutual assistance agreement whereby the Soviet Union is bound to give military assistance to Outer Mongolia in the event of Japanese aggression.

In an official statement issued by the Ulanbator Government, it is stated that the decisions adopted by the People's Assembly regarding the Outer Mongolian-Soviet mutual assistance pact bear witness to the unusual solidarity of the Outer Mongolian People's Republic.

According to the statement, the session of the People's Assembly approved not only the policies of the Government in ratifying the Outer Mongolian-Soviet mutual assistance pact but also the Government's line of action taken in negotiating with Manchukuo on border questions.

The statement approved all work being done by the Government to strengthen Outer Mongolia's defence services, including measures to strengthen and supplement the army and improve the Outer Mongolian General Staff.

Union News.

KING BORIS SIGNS AMNESTY

("Hong Kong Daily Press" Special)

Sofia, April 6.
On the occasion of the Easter Festivals of the Orthodox Church, King Boris signed an amnesty for the 341 sentenced by the Civil and the 142 sentenced by the Military Tribunals. 317 prisoners were released immediately, 24 death sentences were commuted into life-long imprisonment while the remaining sentences were reduced.

Union News Service.

EXPLORATORY FLIGHTS TO NORTH POLE

Moscow, Apr. 6.
M. Makhotkin, one of the two Soviet airmen who was making a flight over the Arctic Sea to Franz Joseph Land, and who was on Saturday reported to have been lost in a snowstorm over Nova Zembla, was forced down in the region of the Arctic Kara Straits.

The pilot of the other machine, named Vodopyanov, landed safely in the Matochkin Straits.

The airmen hope to make several exploratory flights to the North Pole from their base in Franz Joseph Land.

Reuter.

GOVERNMENT POLICY CRITICISED

Confidence Vote Carried

London, April 6.
It was with the object of regularising the position following last week's Government defeat, on the bill respecting equality of treatment for both sexes in the civil service, that Mr. Stanley Baldwin, the Prime Minister, submitted a procedure motion which was to be treated as a vote of confidence.

He declared that although a good case could be made for Miss Ellen Wilkinson's proposal for equal wages, the time for such a change was not yet ripe. There was a widespread feeling that numbers of men were unemployed because women had entered the employment field.

Moreover, the cost of the equal pay proposal, it was estimated, would add £3,000,000 annually to the civil service bill.

The Prime Minister believed, he said, that the effect of Miss Wilkinson's motion would be to circumscribe, and not increase, facilities for the employment of women.

LABOUR ATTACK

Major C. R. Attlee, the Labour leader, in the course of a vigorous attack upon the Government, ranged over as wide a field of subjects as the nature of the motion permitted.

He criticised the Government's handling of the foreign situation, and declared that since the disclosures which followed the Hoare-Laval peace proposals the Government lacked confidence in itself.

With reference to the Ethiopian war he said it was not a question of whether Signor Mussolini beat the Negus, but whether an aggressor beat the League of Nations.

Herr Hitler's act in re-occupying the Rhineland with troops was a result of the weakness of the League.

The Locarno Pact was built on far too narrow a basis, he went on. The British Commonwealth of Nations could only act through the League.

MR. EDEN DEFENDS

After Mr. Winston Churchill had vigorously attacked the Government's policy with respect to the Ethiopian tragedy, Mr. Anthony

Eden replied for the Government at length.

He defended the British Government's attitude at Geneva in the matter of the Italo-Ethiopian dispute. However, he said that since both parties had accepted the principle of conciliation the Italian Government had intensified its aggression. In the view of the British Government it would be intolerable that nations should talk only of conciliation at Geneva while the war continued.

There must either be real conciliation, resulting from a cessation of hostilities within a given period, or the Committee of Eighteen must face its task again, said Mr. Eden.

The position of the British Government had not changed. "We are prepared to participate in economic and financial measures if others accept and carry them out in the same spirit and letter as ourselves," he promised.

LOCARNO MEETING

Referring to the proposed meeting of the Locarno Powers, Mr. Eden said that while the British Government could not go to such a meeting and agree that conciliation was dead, the Government thought that an exchange of views might be valuable.

He agreed that the League should be brought into the discussions at the first opportunity.

Herr Hitler's proposals contained matters affecting powers outside the Western European states, and it was essential that these proposals should be co-ordinated by the League.

"I," declared Mr. Eden, "can assure by the end of the summer that the European membership in the League will be a structure in Western Europe replacing the Locarno Treaty and strengthening security elsewhere by arrangements directly supervised and controlled by the League, we shall have gained very much more security for Europe."

"Then it will be possible to enter into the larger scheme, relating to economics, armaments, and so on," he concluded.

The Government was sustained by a vote of 361 to 145 on the vote of confidence.

Reuter.

SPURIOUS NOTE FACTORY

Colony Bank Issues Imitated

(From Our Special Correspondent)

Canton, April 7.
The Canton police has discovered another factory for the manufacture of counterfeit notes purporting to be those of Hong Kong banks. The establishment is located at Man Cheong Street, West Suburb.

The forged notes resemble very much those issued by the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation and the Government of Hong Kong. The imitations are in ten-dollar and one-dollar denominations.

Even the water mark is forged. The notes are so cleverly forged that it is difficult to distinguish them from genuine ones at a glance.

Hong Kong notes are very popular here. Hence counterfeiters are taking the opportunity to produce imitations and pass them off in the market.

VIGOROUS PROTEST BY CHINA

Soviet Alliance With Outer Mongolia

Nanking, Apr. 7.
China has vigorously protested to Russia against the conclusion of a Soviet-Outer Mongol pact of mutual assistance, allegedly signed on March 12, and says that it violates the Sino-Soviet agreement of May 31, 1924 whereby Russia pledged to recognise Outer Mongolia as an integral part of China.

The protest adds that under no circumstances can China recognise the pact or in any wise be bound thereby.

Reuter.

LAND RECLAMATION IN GERMANY

The Best Uses To Be Made

Germany, deprived of her colonies by the Treaty of Versailles, is making the best possible effort under the National Socialist rule, to take care of her rapidly growing population at home.

About 43,000,000 acres of land have hitherto been regarded as unutilisable, but the present Ministry of Agriculture has developed plans to make a great part of this barren land suitable for cultivation by means of drainage, dykes, irrigation and roads.

Many thousand acres of hitherto poor land are also thus to be improved. Half a million Labour Service Youths and a large number of men on emergency relief rolls are employed in this work, and many of them will, at the attainment of the set goal, be settled on the reclaimed land.

How long this additional land will suffice for the growing population and in view of the "back to the country" slogan against overcrowded great cities, is one of the vital questions of the day.—(W.L.).

MAHARAJAH RECEIVES CONGRATULATIONS

Calcutta, Apr. 6.

The Maharajah of Kolhapur celebrated his coming-of-age, when Sir John Anderson, on behalf of the British Government, presented him with ruling powers.

The Maharajah announced his loyalty to the King-Emperor in an address to his people.

The Viceroy sent congratulations and expressed the hope that the Maharajah would have peaceful rule and long life.

Reuter's Bulletin Service.

NEWS SUMMARY

The annual review of the China Fleet, by the Commander-in-Chief, China Station, was held at the Race Course, Happy Valley, yesterday when Vice-Admiral Sir Charles Little, K.C.B., inspected over a thousand men comprised of three Companies of naval ratings, one Battery of Howitzers and one Company drawn from the Royal Marines, the men on parade being in field order. The parade was under Capt. R. S. Benson with Comdr. R. B. Wilmot-Stitwell as second-in-command. Page 11.

A number of dog-owners were summoned before Mr. Macfadyen at the Kowloon Magistracy for various offences. Page 10.

Yu Sik-kee, 21, theatre attendant, and Ip Yung, 18, unemployed, were both bound over in the sum of \$30 to keep the peace for one year, when they appeared before Mr. Macfadyen at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday, charged with behaving in a disorderly manner by fighting at Shantung Street near Portland Street yesterday. Page 6.

The Colony will be losing one of its most esteemed residents and most popular sportsmen to-day, when Dr. J. C. Macgown, principal of the medical firm of Macgown, Anderson and Durran, leaves for Home by the Blue Funnel liner Hector. Dr. Macgown, who intends settling down in practice at Home, will be accompanied by his wife and their two children, Miss Heather Macgown and Master Sandy Macgown. Page 7.

Sentence of six months' hard labour and twelve strokes of the birch, and, if found unfit, an additional two months' hard labour, was imposed by Mr. Schofield, at the Central Magistracy yesterday, on Chan Muk, unemployed, aged 29 years, who pleaded guilty to a charge of snatching a leather handbag, containing \$10.50 in money, a fountain pen and toilet articles, to the total value of \$20.20, from Cheng Siu-wa, married woman, aged 34 years, at Queen's Road West. Page 11.

John Walter Macrae, 34, unemployed seaman, who is on his way to England, appeared before Mr. Balfour at the Central Police Court yesterday, charged with being drunk and disorderly and with damaging the uniform cap of Chinese constable C882. Page 6.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

A dinner dance will be held at Repulse Bay Hotel, to-day at 8.30 p.m.

Two cases each of small-pox and diphtheria and one case of enteric fever were reported to the Health Authorities for the 24 hours ended on Monday.

The return of notifiable diseases which have been notified as having occurred in the Colony of Hong Kong during the week ended on April 4 are as follows:—Small-pox 4 cases, 3 fatal; diphtheria 5 cases, 4 fatal, scarlet fever 1 imported case; enteric fever 5 cases, 2 fatal and 1 imported; cerebrospinal fever 12 cases; 7 fatal; tuberculosis, not notifiable 79 fatal cases.

ITALIAN PROTEST TO GENEVA

Shelling Of Field Hospital

("Hong Kong Daily Press" Special)
Geneva, Apr. 6.
The Italian Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, Suvich, addressed the following telegram to the Secretary of the League of Nations, Avenol: "In the course of fighting in the Lake Ashangi district, Abyssinian artillery shelled a small Italian field hospital, causing heavy losses. In placing this violation of the Geneva Convention on record, I beg you to convey this information to the members of the League of Nations."

In another telegram, Suvich declares that inquiries had established the fact that the report of an alleged bombardment by Italian troops of a British Red Cross station on March 20 was devoid of any foundation. It is further stated that Italy will give more information at a later date about further allegations of the Abyssinians.

Transocean News Service.

QUESTION OF COLONIES AND MANDATES

Mr. Neville Chamberlain States British Attitude

London, April 7.

In the Commons debate last night both Mr. Winston Churchill and Sir Austen Chamberlain asked for a clear and authoritative statement on the Government's attitude in regard to colonies and mandated territories. Mr. Churchill said Sir Samuel Hoare's September declaration in Geneva regarding raw materials, though carefully guarded, brought up the whole colonial question and he asked if the Government could state the principles by which they would be guided in dealing with this matter in future.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, in replying on the debate, pointed out the distinction between colonies and mandated territories. As far as he knew none had ever suggested that the British Empire should give up any of its colonies and he need hardly say that if such demand were made it could not possibly be entertained for a moment.

The mandated territories were in a somewhat different category. These territories formerly belonging to enemy powers were allocated to the principal allied and associated powers who voluntarily undertook the mandate for the League of Nations to which from time to time they were bound to render a report as to their administration.

It was not apparently contemplated when the mandates were allocated that there would ever be any change in these mandates. There was no provision made for transfer to any other power. In order to effect a transfer there would be required the assent of the mandatory power and of the power to whom the territory was to be transferred, and finally the assent of the Council of the League.

The British Government had not considered and were not considering handing over any of the British colonies or territories held under mandate. He could not pledge the action of the future Government. But mandates were not held by Britain alone.

DEFINITE OBLIGATIONS

Mr. Chamberlain added: "I cannot conceive that any Government would ever discuss the question of transfer of its own mandate irrespective of what was to happen to mandates held by other countries. In addition we do recognise that we have definite obligations to the people who inhabit these territories and that we could not think of surrendering those obligations or handing over those territories to another power even for the sake of obtaining a general peaceful settlement unless we were satisfied that the interests of all sections of the populations inhabiting those territories were fully safeguarded."

GERMAN CLAIM

London, Apr. 6. Replying to a question of Mr. Winston Churchill in the House of Commons with regard to the reported German claim for colonies, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Chan-

cellor of the Exchequer, said that as far as he knew nobody had ever suggested that the British Empire give up any colonies.

The demand for a return of German colonies, if made, could not possibly be entertained for a moment.

When the mandates were allocated it was not contemplated that there would ever be any change in them. He believed the transfer of mandated territory would require, at least, the assent of the territory concerned, the country to which it was to be transferred and the League of Nations Council.

POSITION MADE CLEAR

The position of the Government was made perfectly clear by the Secretary for Colonies, Mr. J. H. Thomas, when he said the Government had not considered and was not considering handing over any colonies or mandated territories, Mr. Chamberlain asserted. While he could not pledge any future Government, he could not conceive of any Government even discussing the question of a transfer of its own mandates, irrespective of the fate of mandates held by others.

The Government recognised it had definite obligations to the inhabitants of mandated territories and it would not think of handing over such territory to any other power, even for the sake of obtaining a general peaceful settlement, unless it was satisfied that the interests of all sections and the populations of such territory, were fully safeguarded.

Cheers followed this announcement.—*Reuter.*

CATALAN STRIKE TO CONTINUE

"Employers Refuse To Sign Agreement"

("Hong Kong Daily Press" Special)

Barcelona, April 7. The announcement that the 50,000 workers of the Catalan Metal Works would resume work seems to have been premature.

When representatives of the workers and the employers met on Monday night to sign the agreement reached after considerable discussions, it was suddenly announced that the employers had refused to sign the draft agreement.

The workers thereupon declared that the strike would be continued, and that the provincial workers would likewise go on strike. With the inclusion of the provincial workers, the number of strikers is now 70,000.—*Transocean News Service.*

BRITISH EMPLOYMENT IMPROVEMENT

London, Apr. 7. All administrative districts of Great Britain with the exception of South Wales share in the improvement in employment which is disclosed in the Labour Ministry statistics issued last night. There was some reduction in employment in the mines of South Wales and in some other coalfields, but better conditions in the manufacturing industries made the general position elsewhere better. The number of insured persons in employment rose in March to the record figure of 10,630,000.—*British Wireless.*

LEAGUE REFORM PROPOSALS

French Plan To Be Submitted

Paris, April 8.

The Council of Ministers to-day approved the memorandum prepared by M. Pierre Flandin, the Foreign Minister, and a staff of experts, answering the German counter-proposals to the Locarno Powers' peace plan.

A communique issued to-day states that a project for constructive action in quest of peace has also been completed and that the Government intends to submit it to the League of Nations Council.

It is understood that the plan proposes, for one thing, to abolish the unanimous vote at present needed by the League before revision of treaties can be attempted. A two-third majority, in the French view, would be more reasonable.

It is understood in usually well-informed circles that the French peace plan will suggest to the League a complete schedule for the revision of peace treaties, reconstruction of the economic regime in Europe, control of armaments and also a scheme for the formation of a League army.

The French suggestions, in short, are built upon M. Aristide Briand's famous scheme for a "United States of Europe," as has been indicated.

France favours a return to the 1924 Geneva protocol, which was approved by all the members of the League Council except Britain, and consequently became a dead letter.

It is understood that France proposes these steps be taken in view of the "unconciliatory nature" of the German letter of March 31. However, the programme will not be contained in the written memorandum which is a reply to the German proposals, but will be brought up at the meeting of the Locarno Powers at Geneva by M. Flandin himself.—*Reuter.*

AUSTRIAN REARMING RESENTED

Little Entente Protest

Vienna, Apr. 6.

The Governments of the Little Entente have handed to Austria a note protesting against the introduction of compulsory national service, on the ground that it is a violation of the military clauses of the Treaty of St. Germain. They reserve the right to announce later measures to be taken for the preservation of their interests.

It is officially announced that the Austrian Government does not intend to react to the protest, which is regarded more as a warning to Hungary and Bulgaria not to follow Austria's example than anything else.—*Reuter.*

IDENTICAL NOTES

("Hong Kong Daily Press" Special)

Prague, Apr. 6. Three identical notes, defining the Little Entente's attitude towards the introduction of a compulsory military service in Austria have been handed in to the Office of the Federal Chancellor in Vienna on Monday, by the Ministers of Rumania, Yugoslavia and Czechoslovakia, according to a semi-official announcement here on Monday evening.—*Transocean News Service.*

GENERAL STAFF TALKS ON APRIL 15

London, Apr. 7. It has now been arranged that the general staff talks provided for in the March 19 draft proposals of the four Locarno powers shall begin in London on Wednesday, April 15.—*British Wireless.*

HOLY WEEK BEGUN IN SPAIN

("Hong Kong Daily Press" Special) Madrid, Apr. 7. Holy Week began with enthusiastic participation in religious ceremonies by an overwhelming majority of people all over Spain, but particularly in the Seville classical town of Easter processions, reports the bourgeois papers here.—*Transocean News Service.*

AMERICAN SHIP SABOTAGE

President Orders Investigation

Washington, April 7.

The correspondent of the "New York Times" says that recent cases of alleged sabotage aboard American ships were mainly committed by foreign-born crews. This has caused the President to instruct the Secretary of Commerce to open an investigation into the names of ships affected. It is being kept a secret at present and the order will not affect passenger and business lines involved.

It is revealed that the State Department has been informed from Honduras that two sailing ships, reported to be of American registry, left a Mexican port with cargoes of arms and munitions for revolutionaries in the United States. The destroyer Manley was immediately sent in pursuit and made a record passage to the Panama Canal in under five hours and is now speeding to Honduras with orders to watch, but not to capture the two alleged gun-runners when she overhauls them.—*Reuter.*

BIDDING UP THE FRANC

Teaching The Bears A Lesson

London, Apr. 7.

With the selling wave of francs at least temporarily subsiding, British control proceeded with yesterday's policy of bidding of francs which consequently improved to 75.00.

The market is most interested in this latest phase of the tussle between the authorities and speculators.

It is asserted that the object in driving the franc beyond the present natural level is to teach a lesson to the bears who short-sold francs on Friday at say 75.22 for delivery yesterday and to-day thus incurring a loss of about twenty two centimes.—*Reuter.*

SILVER MARKET

("From Our Own Correspondent")

London, April 7. London Silver prices to-day were up 1/16 as follows:—
April 6 April 7
Spot 19-7/8 19-15/16
Forward 19-7/8 19-15/16

CIVIL AND REVENUE ESTIMATES

London, Apr. 7.

In a general examination of the civil estimates and Revenue Department's estimates for the current financial year, the Financial Secretary to the Treasury in a memorandum points out that the civil estimates at £365,253,914 are £2,417,425 less than those of 1935 and the Revenue Department's estimates at £22,835,800 are £3,415,492 more, making a net decrease of £1,001,927.

The increases over the original estimates for 1935 are due in the main to automatic causes or to continuance and extension of the government's programme for improvement of social and industrial conditions.—*British Wireless.*

JAPAN BUYS SHEEP FROM N. ZEALAND

To Start Wool Industry

Wellington, April 7.

A shipment of 645 sheep to Japan to-day has been bought by the Japanese Government which intends to start a wool industry in Japan.—*Reuter's Bulletin Service.*

RIBBENTROP STILL IN LONDON

London, Apr. 7. Herr von Ribbentrop, who is still in London, will probably return to Germany to-morrow.—*British Wireless.*

DUAL MEETINGS AT GENEVA

Difficult Situation To Be Faced

("Hong Kong Daily Press" Special)

Geneva, April 6.

The summoning of the Committee of Thirteen for next Wednesday and the decision to simultaneously hold a conference of the Locarno Powers here has taken the League circles by surprise, and once more projects Geneva into the centre of the world attention. The Locarno discussions will probably not begin until Thursday, since the Belgian Premier, van Zeeland is not able to arrive here on Wednesday.

The Committee of Thirteen will find itself confronted by a difficult situation in view of the fact that Italy is evidently determined not to take part in any peace negotiations within the League as long as the sanctions remain in force and that Britain will, according to reliable information, insist on the cessation of the hostilities before consenting to open any direct negotiations with Italy. In view of this situation, the Committee will have to restrict itself to the preliminary discussions of the procedure with small prospects of reaching concrete decisions.

The conference of the Locarno Powers will be chiefly concerned with the examination of the French counter-proposals to Hitler's Plan. The political circles here consider Eden's task to be especially delicate, since he is undoubtedly anxious to hasten the proceedings in the Abyssinian question and must, to this end, overcome the French objections to energetic actions, while at the same time he will have to take into consideration that the French plan provides for further British obligations, which are undoubtedly obnoxious to the British public.

Flandin, on the other hand, may also be compelled to choose between Britain and Italy so that the far-reaching decisions will probably be weighed in the course of the week.—*Transocean News Service.*

SETTLEMENT OF CONFLICT

Italy's Minimum Demands

("Hong Kong Daily Press" Special)

Rome, April 6.

What would probably be Italy's minimum demands for settling the Abyssinian War, was set forth by the Editor-in-Chief of the "Tribuna," D'Avanzati, in a leading article.

The peace with Abyssinia could not be settled with anything remotely resembling the dead and decayed proposals of the Committee of Five, but must take the fact of Italy's victory into full account. Neither was there room for the ill-witted proposals based on the assumption that Italy was not capable of achieving a complete military victory. Any eventual, direct or indirect interference by the League of Nations in the final settlement was vigorously excluded by the very fact itself. The League of Nations had also to take into consideration, that the Tribes of all Abyssinia, from those in Tigre and Somaliand to those in Amhara and Haussa trusted the Italian rule.

From now on Italy would be in Abyssinia's place as neighbour to the Sudan, and to Kenya and British Somaliand.

This victory, says the "Tribuna," is also proof that Italy is strong in Europe. It would be enough for "ill advised" Europe to abandon the hostilities against Italy in order to find her where she had always been—ready, fully ready to take part in European politics, not only with words but with deeds.

The situation on the eve of Geneva demanded that full account be taken of the fact which had influenced Italy and would influence her in the future.—*Transocean News Service.*

BODY OF HAUPTMANN CREMATED

New York, April 7. The body of Bruno Hauptmann has been cremated after taking off the death mask from the face.—*Reuter.*

HURRIED FLIGHT OF THE ETHIOPIANS

Emperor's Car Abandoned On Roadway

("Hong Kong Daily Press" Special)

Asmara, April 7.

The Askari troops, pursuing the fleeing Abyssinians south of Quorom, have found an abandoned American motor car de luxe with the Imperial Crown and coat of arms enamelled on the doors, indicating that the car was the personal property of the Negus. The presumption is, that in a hurried flight, the car contracted motor defects, and it was drawn up at the side of the roadway alongside several lorries obviously used for conveying the Emperor's personal baggage.

The abandonment of so much booty was the consequence of the rapid advance of the Askaris, who overtook the Abyssinians at Alamata where resistance was attempted but soon collapsed. The Askaris are now 15 miles south of Quorom, the whole region round and about the town having been deserted by the Abyssinians.

The shores of Lake Ashangi are just now serving as a bathing place for the Italian troops, which after weeks of forced campaigning, urgently need this relaxation.

Meanwhile thousands of workmen have pounced on the job of making a motor road to Quorom so that the motorised troops will be able to reach Dessie in the near future.

Other workmen are kept busy day and night burying thousands of corpses of those who fell in the recent battle and were deserted by the Abyssinians in their precipitate flight.—*Transocean News Service.*

EMPEROR'S STATEMENT

Addis Ababa, Apr. 6.

"Ethiopia is undefeated and my armies are prepared to fight until there is not a single Italian aggressor left in our territories. We are certainly not suing for peace," declared the Emperor, Haile Selassie when interviewed in his general headquarters "somewhere south of Quorom" to-day.

He is rallying his shaken but undaunted Imperial Guard, following the reverse suffered at Lake Ashangi.

The Emperor complained of the League of Nations' continual delay in applying really effective sanctions, enabling Italy to employ

"the most horrible and barbarous methods of warfare in the hope of gaining victory before the League intervenes. Italian reports to the contrary are odious lies," he declared.

Reports of the battle north of Lake Ashangi are filtering in. It is admitted that the Imperial Guard suffered severe losses; but they claim to have given as good as they got, before beating a strategic retreat.

The Emperor himself manned a machine-gun in the front lines for two days and two sleepless nights.—*Reuter.*

BADOGGIO'S JOKE

Rome, Apr. 6.

"All is finished. I am in danger of losing my job," replied Marshal Pietro Badoglio, the Italian commander-in-chief in Ethiopia, smiling and enjoying his little joke, when questioned as to the progress of his troops during the last few days of fighting.

He was resting in his headquarters at Endajesus when he granted an interview to Reuter's correspondent.

"The Negus sealed his own fate," he pointed out, "by crossing the Agumberta pass and forcing a battle which proved perhaps the bloodiest of the whole campaign."—*Reuter.*

WORK FOR COMMITTEE OF THIRTEEN

Geneva, Apr. 7.

At the meeting to-morrow, the Committee of Thirteen will have to decide whether Senor de Madariaga accepts the Italian invitation to meet Signor Mussolini in Rome to discuss peace proposals.

The Committee will also discuss Italian bombing of open towns and use of poison gas.

The question of rearmament of Austria in connection with compulsory conscription will be brought up by the Little Entente which declares that Austria cannot make a new law and reject her obligations under the treaties.—*Reuter's Bulletin Service.*

RUMANIA'S DISLIKE FOR SANCTIONS

Symbolic Gift Of Oil To Italy

("Hong Kong Daily Press" Special)

Milan, Apr. 7.

In Venice a group of 60 Rumanians, headed by the Rumanian Council, presented the Secretary of the Fascist Party with 60 bottles of Rumanian petroleum decorated with ribbons of the Rumanian national colours as a gift, symbolising their disapproval of sanctions against Italy. The Consul asked the Secretary to forward the present to Signor Mussolini as a present to Italy.—*Transocean News Service.*

RIFLES FOR HUNGARIAN COMMUNISTS

Intercepted On The Way

("Hong Kong Daily Press" Special)

Vienna, Apr. 7.

A goods wagon containing rifles was confiscated on Tuesday at the railway station of Linz. The consignment came from Finland and was on its way to Hungary. Investigation showed that the weapons were destined for Hungarian communists and have been described in way bills as "machine parts."—*Transocean News Service.*

BRITISH ARMY OFFICER'S DAUGHTER

Engaged To Austrian Prince

("Hong Kong Daily Press" Special)

Vienna, Apr. 7.

The engagement is announced here of Prince Ernst von Hohenberg, the second son of Archduke Franz Ferdinand, the heir presumptive to the Austro-Hungarian Imperial Crown, whose assassination at Sarajevo precipitated the World War, to Marie Therese Wood, the daughter of a former British army officer, George Jervis Wood, celebrated for his African explorations and his big game hunting.

Marie Therese Wood has the reputation of being one of the most beautiful women in Viennese society where she has a host of near relatives, since her mother, the wife of Capt. Wood, was by birth Countess Longay.—*Transocean News Service.*

JAPANESE HOLDING ILLEGAL LEASES

Philippine President To Act

Manila, April 7. All eyes during the Easter holidays will be fixed on Davao Bay, Mindanao, where President Manuel Quezon aboard a yacht with three department secretaries, other high government officials, the Japanese Consul in Manila and two leading Japanese businessmen, will converge on a study of the question of illegal land leases in Davao held by Japanese engaged in the hemp industry.

An order for ejection of the Japanese holding the illegal leases was issued several months ago, but it had not been acted on and it is now anticipated that the whole question will be cleared up once and for all.—*Reuter.*

ACTRESS AND DANCER PASSES

New York, Apr. 7. The death has occurred of the actress and dancer Marilyn Miller.—*Reuter.*

AN EPIC STRUGGLE

"S.A.'s." Close Call

An epic struggle took place in the quarter finals of the local tennis singles title between Paul Kong, ex-China Davis Cup star, and S. A. Rumjahn, present holder yesterday on the Hong Kong Cricket Club stand court, when the former was defeated in three hard fought sets, by 6-2, 5-7, 4-6.

The court craft of both players was of a high order, and in the first set, there was only one player on view, and that was Paul Kong. He volleyed with superb judgment and had "Sirdar" out manoeuvred time and again. As the games progressed it was apparent that Paul Kong possessed one weakness—overhead, and "S.A." taking advantage of this played his opponent with lobs that saw Paul Kong committing serious blunders.

A GALLANT FIGHT

To the loser it must be recorded that he put up a gallant fight, against a younger opponent. After the first set was over, Kong looked the more tired of the two, and when S. A. Rumjahn levelled the sets by capturing the second, it seemed that he would have an easy passage in the third and final stanza. However this was not the case. Kong actually went into a three-one lead, and then just at the crucial moment, he developed cramp in the right thumb. A stop was called for, a few minutes before Kong could resume. Kong at this moment was leading 40 love, but resumption saw him lose touch and "S.A." clinched the game after duce was called. Thereafter "S.A." levelled the set at three all, and eventually ran out the winner by 6-4.

THE PLAY

S. A. Rumjahn was consistent throughout except in the first set which saw him out manoeuvred by an agile and smart opponent. "S.A." during the set made serious mistakes and paid heavily when the set was wrested from him, at 6-2.

In the second stanza Rumjahn ran into a three one lead, but Kong staged a recovery and drew the games level at three all. Thereafter the games were taken on service until 5-5 was called when Rumjahn broke through his opponent's service and clinched his own to win the set at 7-5.

A light drizzle fell during the opening games of the third and final set, and appeared at first as if it would interrupt the games. Light during the period became definitely bad. However the rain kept off and the light improved slightly to see Kong go into a three-one lead. Then when leading 40 love, he had the misfortune to develop cramp, and lost the set to "S.A." after a short rest was called.

Rumjahn took the next set to lead at 4-3, but Kong retaliated with superb placing and neat volleying.

With the holder leading at 5-4, Kong led 30-15 with a fine volley that left his opponent standing. Then with Rumjahn leading 40-30, Kong again brought off a killer at the net with a neat volley, and brought the game to duce.

Rumjahn kept a cool head and placed his shots with fine judgment and with the score at advantage in his favour, a long rally took place, which eventually ended with Kong driving out. Thus an exciting and highly entertaining tennis match ended with the holder one step nearer the coveted trophy.

AIRSHIP ON HOMEWARD JOURNEY

Rio de Janeiro, Apr. 6. The giant airship, Field Marshall von Hindenburg, started on her return voyage this morning.

Dr. Eckener, the veteran commander, is aboard, thus disposing the rumours that he was not returning to Germany.

It is anticipated that the airship will arrive home on Friday.—*Reuters' Bulletin Service.*

GREAT GOLF VICTORY FOR HORTON SMITH

Augusta, Geo. Apr. 6. Horton Smith, winner in 1934, won the Augusta National golf tournament here to-day when he aggregated 285 for the four rounds. His figures were 74, 71, 68, and 72. Harry Cooper with returns of 70, 67, 71, 76, and a total of 284 was placed second, while Gene Sarazen, 78, 67, 72, 70, total 287, was third.

Bobby Jones failed to produce anything like his old form and was

BOWLERS DISAGREE

How Many Heads Should Be Played

The question whether, in the Open Pairs Championship, the preliminary rounds should be played up to 15 heads and the semi-finals and final up to 21 heads or that the Championship should continue to be played under the existing conditions, was the subject of great argument yesterday evening at the First Council Meeting of the Hong Kong Lawn Bowls Association.

Mr. Tacchi, the President of the Association took the Chair supported by the Hon. Secretary Mr. Hosking.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed. The next item on the agenda was the discussion of matters relating to the Annual General Meeting and in this matter it was stated by the Hon. Secretary that the sum of \$50 had been given to the Children's Playground Association, for which a letter of thanks had been received. Circulars had also been sent out to all the Clubs in connection with the violation of the rules and the widths of the bowling greens.

The election of a sub-committee was then proceeded with and the following gentlemen were elected: The President and Hon. Secretary, Messrs. da Silva, Jones, Arculli and Ramsay.

The League entries, as put up at the last meeting, were approved and April 25 was the date fixed for the commencement of the League fixtures.

Arrangements were discussed as to the playing of the game in England. Mr. Hosking said that Mr. Beer was at present at Home and that he had expressed the willingness to take over the captainship of the team should he be asked. Mr. Beer is willing also to do the secretarial work for the team and when Mr. A. W. Bradbury reaches England, to resign the captaincy in his favour, that is if Mr. Bradbury would be willing to assume the post.

It was agreed by the Council that Mr. Beer be asked to be the captain and if he wishes then he could hand the position over to Mr. Bradbury later.

YEAR'S COMPETITIONS

The competitions for the year were then discussed and in this matter it was decided that the tournaments and competitions of last year be continued. As regards the International Tournament it was suggested that the entries be open until the end of the latter part of the season.

This suggestion was duly discussed and carried.

As a token of the appreciation of the Association to the members of the team which won the English Cup in England last year, Mr. Ramsay suggested that something in the form of a badge be given to the team.

Mr. Maughan agreed with the proposal and suggested that something small such as a replica of the Cup be tendered.

It was passed, however that they be given a League badge.

HOW MANY HEADS

The next suggestion by Mr. Bass that the matches in the Open Pairs Championship be limited to 15 heads in the preliminary rounds and that in the final 21 heads should be played, caused much argument.

Mr. Jones asserted that to alter the rules a general meeting must be called. He also stated that the rules of the E.B.A. say that the Pairs Competition must be played for 21 heads.

On the latter point Mr. Maughan disagreed and pointed out that the rules of the E.B.A. apply only to international competition.

Mr. Ramsay put forward the suggestion that the clubs be consulted with and that the members of the clubs be circulated by the secretaries and that the resultant opinions be put before the Council for a decision on the matter.

The point then arose as to whether the resultant vote would be that of the club or of the individual members. It was discussed to some great length and when finally put to the Council it was carried that the vote be that of the clubs.

An item of business regarding the printing of the fixture cards was then agreed to, after which the meeting was declared closed.

well down the list of returns with rounds of 78, 78, 73, and 71, aggregating 300.

Jack M'Lean will be wondering whether "third time's lucky" will prove true on Saturday when he meets Hector Thomson in the

inter-county match at Pollok. They will lead Stirlingshire and Glasgow in what may well be a "needle" match, for neither team has been beaten, although Glasgow has dropped a point to Ayrshire.

Interest in the result of the whole match will be subordinated to the outcome of the top game. Thomson and M'Lean have not met in serious conflict since the final of the Irish Open Amateur Championship at Portrush last year, when Thomson repeated the victory which he won in the final of the Scottish Championship earlier in the season.

Both were in grand form on both occasions, and if Thomson proved the better man then, it does not follow that he will make it "three in a row" on Saturday.

M'Lean to-day is a much fitter man than he was six months ago. Then he was on the verge of a nervous and physical breakdown. Now he is fitter than ever before, and playing every whit as well as he has ever done.

That means that Thomson will have to be on his best behaviour. A drive pulled into the flanking trees or sliced into one of the many coverts, which worry the inaccurate hitter on Pollok, will be fatal for M'Lean is now in his most ruthless mood, determined to regain the position as unchallenged leader of amateur golf not only in Scotland but in Britain.

GOLFERS AND THE GAME

America's Curtis Cup Team

London, March 10.

While the Ladies' Golf Union are being roundly rated for their misguided passion for secrecy in the selection of trial teams for the Curtis Cup match at Gleneagles Hotel in May, the United States Golf Association (which controls all phases of golf in America—amateur, professional, and women's) have selected the team which will represent America in that match, writes a correspondent.

The American team includes all the best women golfers in America except three—Miss Virginia van Wile, Miss Helen Hicks, and Miss "Babe" Dildrickson. Miss van Wile has emulated Miss Wethered and her compatriot, Bobby Jones, by retiring from competitive golf when she was at the peak of her fame and performance. After being runner-up in the American Women's Championship in 1923 and 1929, both times to Miss Glenna Collett (now Mrs. Vare) she came into her own by winning the championship in successive years from 1932 to 1934.

MYSTERIOUS PERSONALITY

Miss Helen Hicks, of "Oom Pah" fame, has declared herself a professional, and now designs clubs and clothes for women golfers. Miss Dildrickson is a somewhat mysterious personality, an Olympic swimming champion, who has never admitted that she is a professional golfer, but who has been debarred from competing in American competitions.

She is probably the longest hitter in women's golf, having been credited with drives alongside and even past the best that Gene Sarazen could despatch.

I should have liked to see her at Gleneagles Hotel. If by chance she had socked her tee shot to the thirteenth or fourteenth hole on the Queen's course she would have had no difficulty in recovering her ball from the lochan.

Even without these three players the American team is very formidable—at least on paper. Mrs. Glenna Collett Vare, who won the American Championship as far back as 1922 (which it is most un-gallant of me to recall) and first competed in our Women's Championship at Troon three years later, is again captain, and the most dangerous individual invader.

She has some very skillful lieutenants under her command in the persons (some very charming) of Miss Charlotte Glutting, who beat Miss Enid Wilson in America; Mrs. Cheney, the last American survivor in the British Championship at Saunton four years ago; Mrs. Goldthwaite, and Miss Marion Milley, the last named having a great reputation in America.

SCOTTISH CANDIDATES

One very interesting visitor will be Miss "Patty" Berg, who, at the age of 17, last year reached the final of the American Women's Championship, losing by only 3 and 2 to Mrs. Vare. A match between Miss Berg and Miss Jessie Anderson (who will surely defy the L.G.U. ban of secrecy and be chosen for the British team) would make interesting watching, for Miss Anderson is herself still a mere girl.

It would be idle, as well as unchivalrous to the L.G.U., to try at this early day, to forecast the British team, but Scotland will have at least three representatives in the side, of that I am sure.

Miss Anderson, after her successful tour in Australia and New Zealand, can hardly be left out. Mrs. J. B. Walker, whom we claim for Scotland, although she is really Irish, and who is one of the very few really first class iron players among women, would make a perfect partner for Miss Anderson. And, either Mrs. Holm or Mrs. Greenless would make an excellent third.

That, of course, does not leave much room for English players like the sisters Barton, Miss Wanda Morgan, Mrs. Clarke, Miss Phyllis Wade, Miss Johnson, and Miss Fishwick, or for clever Miss Rieben, of Wales, or Miss Tiernan, Ireland's youthful "hope." Now that I can over the list I can almost forgive the L.G.U. their trepidation.

Jack M'Lean will be wondering whether "third time's lucky" will prove true on Saturday when he meets Hector Thomson in the

inter-county match at Pollok. They will lead Stirlingshire and Glasgow in what may well be a "needle" match, for neither team has been beaten, although Glasgow has dropped a point to Ayrshire.

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CONFIDENT M'LEAN

I have not played with Thomson or seen him play for many weeks, but not very long ago I did play with M'Lean and was vastly impressed with the improvement in his play. His driving was, perhaps, no longer than it ever was and his iron play and putting no more deadly, but his attitude to the game was different. He was completely confident in his own ability—and that state of mind was one into which he never entered all last year.

This year he has already had some notable successes. He has won both his county matches (albeit he was somewhat fortunate not to lose to Walter M'Leod at Old Ranfurly), and in partnership with W. Campbell he beat the two Canadian professionals last week at Western Gallies with a display of accurate golf in a blustery wind which commanded the admiration of all who were there to behold.

Thomson, by contrast, has been uneven in performance. He halved his first county match and lost his second (although defeat by W. Campbell is no disgrace for anyone), and he is admittedly a slow starter, never reaching his best until April or May.

But he is always confident when opposed to M'Lean, and he must remember, too, that on his last public appearance at Pollok he won the Glasgow Amateur Championship. The course suits his long hitting, and he can wander with freedom once he gets past the fourth hole.

A bad start on Saturday will put him in the toils, and M'Lean is the last golfer in the world to "let up." If M'Lean wins on Saturday he may well be unbeatable all season—and I think that he will win.

DOG-OWNERS FINED

Batch Of Convictions

Several Europeans appeared before Mr. Q. A. A. Macfadyen at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday in answer to dog summonses.

Mr. J. G. Meyer of No. 225 Prince Edward Road was summoned for having a dog without a muzzle in Cameron Road on March 18. Defendant admitted guilt, but said that the animal had since been destroyed, as it had created a nuisance by continual barking. It was given him by a friend. A fine of \$15 was imposed.

Mrs. Rowe of No. 43 Granville Road, was summoned for having two bitches and a dog without licences. Mr. Rowe who appeared for his wife, said that he was obliged to plead guilty.

He was under the impression that dog licences were renewable in June similar to motor car licences. He had since obtained licences for each of his animals. A fine of \$10 was imposed covering all the offences.

Mr. J. W. Cooper, of No. 90B Nathan Road was also summoned for having a dog without a licence. The police officer mentioned that the last licence was taken out in 1934. A fine of \$8 was imposed.

Mr. A. W. D. Eca of No. 23 Cameron Road, was fined \$8 for not having a licence for his animal. An amah who appeared on his behalf was instructed to tell her master that the fine must be paid within 24 hours.

A Japanese, Mr. Kojima of No. 7 Ashley Road pleaded guilty to

FRIENDLY SOCCER

Volunteers' Team To Meet The Army

A grand football match between representative teams from the Army and H.K. Volunteer Defence Corps will be played on the Hong Kong Football Club ground on Friday, April 10. Kick off 3.30 p.m.

The following have been selected to represent the H.K.V.D.C.

Spr. W. Fogwill (Corps Engineers); Spr. G. Everest (Corps Engineers); Pte. V. A. Costa (Corps Infantry); Gnr. A. Hussain (Battery L. Sec.); Pte. K. W. Farrow (M.G. Coy.); Spr. J. M. Boyd (Corps Engineers); L/Cpl. B. T. Gosano (Corps Infantry); Gnr. D. J. Leonard (Battery L. Sec.); Pte. G. J. White (No. 3 Coy); Gnr. E. L. Strange (Battery A. Sec.); Gnr. B. I. Bickford (Battery A. Sec.) Captain.

Reserves:—J. Willis (M.G. Coy.); E. J. Silva (Corps Infantry); W. Knox (M.G. Coy.); E. C. Drown (M.G. Coy.).

Linesman: Pte. V. White (M.G. Coy.).

Mr. H. F. Scrutton, R.N. of H.M.S. "Dorsetshire" has kindly offered to referee the match.

summonses relating to two dogs without licences. The defendant said that he had obtained licences in August last, while the year before he had obtained them in February. The police officer pointed out that the defendant had similarly been fined last year for the same offence. A fine of \$8 covering the two summonses was imposed.

THE BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO CO. (CHINA) LTD.

REGRET TO ANNOUNCE THAT OWING TO THE INCREASED RATE OF DUTY THEY HAVE BEEN COMPELLED TO INCREASE PRICES OF CIGARETTES & SMOKING TOBACCOS WHICH, EFFECTIVE IMMEDIATELY, WILL RETAIL AS FOLLOWS:—

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RETAIL PRICES PER PACKET OR TIN.

Gold Flake	10's packet	...	0.17
Gold Flake	50's tin	...	.85
Gold Flake	50's tin	...	.90
Capstan	10's packet	...	.17
Capstan	50's tin	...	.85
Capstan Mag.	50's tin	...	1.05
Capstan de Luxe	50's tin	...	1.30
Three Castles	10's packet	...	.18
Three Castles	20's tin	...	.35
Three Castles	50's tin	...	.90
Three Castles Mag.	50's tin	...	1.20
Players	10's packet	...	.17
Players	50's tin	...	.85
Players Pocket Tin	50's tin	...	.90
Bachelor C.T.	10's packet	...	.17
Bachelor C.T.	50's tin	...	.85
Clipper Plain & C.T.	10's packet	...	.12
Clipper Plain & C.T.	50's tin	...	.60
Turkish A.A.	10's packet	...	.30
Turkish A.A.	50's tin	...	1.50
Chesterfield	20's packet	...	.28
Chesterfield	50's tin	...	.75
Burleigh	20's packet	...	.25
Lucky Strike	20's tin	...	.28
Lucky Strike	50's tin	...	.75
Embassy	10's packet	...	.12
Garwick	50's tin	...	1.35
Kool	20's packet	...	.35
Felucca	50's tin	...	2.75
Pirate	10's packet	...	.07
Pirate	50's tin	...	.40

TOBACCOS

Bells Cut Oaks	2 oz. tin	...	1.00
Capstan N/O Mild	1 lb. "	...	1.85
Capstan N/O Med. & Full	1 lb. "	...	1.65
Capstan Mix. Med. & Full	1 lb. "	...	1.65
Three Castles Mild	1 lb. "	...	2.15
Garwick	1 lb. "	...	1.85
Old English Curve Cut	1 lb. "	...	2.80
Sir Walter Raleigh	1 lb. "	...	1.20
St. Bruno Flake	1 lb. "	...	1.40
Three Bells	1 lb. "	...	1.15
Bear's N/O	1 oz. "	...	.40
Bear's N/O	2 oz. "	...	.80
Bear's N/O	1 lb. "	...	1.50
Bulwark Plug	1 lb. "	...	1.50
Digger Mixture	1 lb. "	...	1.60
Rhodian C.O.	1 lb. "	...	2.00

ROTARIANS HEAR FIRST IMPRESSIONS

Rev. J. D. MacLean Describes His Opinions

"SENSE OF HUMOUR NECESSARY"

"A Newcomer's Impressions of Hong Kong" was the title of the address delivered at the Rotary Club tiffin yesterday by Rev. J. D. MacLean, of the Kowloon Union Church.

Mr. MacLean made many comments on what had impressed him during his short stay here and concluded by saying that the one essential for living in Hong Kong was a divine sense of humour.

In the absence of the President (Prof. L. Forster) who is absent on a tour of the Canton-Hankow railway, Mr. W. N. Thomas, Town President.

Guests welcomed were Mr. E. D. Andrews, former New Zealand tennis champion and Davis Cup player; Mr. D. Black and Mr. S. M. Churn of Hong Kong, and Rotarians Guthrie.

In introducing the speaker, Mr. Tam said that Mr. MacLean hailed from north of the Tweed and it was certain he would give the local MacWhirter a run for his money.

Mr. MacLean said he had several times been a guest at Rotary tiffin and had listened with great enjoyment and benefit to the remarks of the various speakers so that he regretted, because of the short time at his disposal, that he was unable to give a speech up to the usual standard.

"My address has been billed as a 'Newcomer's Impressions of Hong Kong,'" said Mr. MacLean, "but I am afraid that that is a euphemistic title for I am doubly aware of my own national disadvantages and my own national disadvantages in approaching this subject."

"You are Hong Kong and I, at the very worst, shall never be more than a bird of passage. I trust that my impressions will be sincere and honest."

"In Scotland, as in other places, telling a person to go to Hong Kong is only a polite way of telling them to seek some warmer climate. Before coming here I was advised by an elderly sea captain who knew Hong Kong well, that two things were necessary. He said 'Trust in God and look after your digestion.' So far I have succeeded in both."

LIGHT AND DARKNESS

"I arrived in Hong Kong," continued Mr. MacLean, "at 2 o'clock one morning, and as our young men were not playing soldiers, all I could see were brilliant lights. There were lights all round and darkness underneath, and since I have been here that first impression has continued." (Laughter).

Mr. MacLean said he would divide his address into three heads—social, religious and governmental administration.

Regarding social, he said that as a Christian, the race problem did not exist for him and that he spoke of all alike, irrespective of race, creed or colour. As a University man he had learned that the only way of surmounting inter-racial difficulties was a refusal to recognise them.

"I am surprised to see," he declared, "how well the English people get on with the people of other races. In some quarters of course one's social relationships seem to be determined by the height of one's husband's office stool or the number of stars on their shoulders. This is a disadvantage but despite this serious view, most of you manage to get along in an excellent fashion."

"It surprises me however how these invidious, unnecessary and unessential distinctions can exist among a community, and Hong Kong, according to my impressions, is full of it."

Touching vice in Hong Kong Rev. MacLean remarked that when one came East one expected to find a certain glamour about vice, but he had seen more glamorous vice in the wind-swept city of Edinburgh than in Hong Kong.

KIPING WAS WRONG

"Kiping was not right," declared Mr. MacLean. "The vice which

seem to attract Europeans as well as members of other races, in my opinion, owe their origin to economic reasons and in meeting these institutions of human nature, one must face them as problems without any veneer of Christian sentimentality."

Mr. MacLean said he has been impressed with the strength and power of the Christian institutions in Hong Kong, which was unconventionally conventional. He had been particularly impressed with the excellent work of the much criticised European Y.M.C.A., an institution which sought to provide a Christian home for un-Christian and Christian people from European nations.

"I think this institution should receive greater support from the influential people in the Colony," he declared.

Another thing that had struck him was the multiplicity of Christian associations, such as clubs, societies and other institutions which owed their existence to the Christian church or influence.

"It has been a joy to me and a decided encouragement to one who follows my way of living," he said.

The administration of the Colony was an interesting subject, went on Mr. MacLean. He considered that a little more intelligent supervision from higher authorities would go a long way in remedying and increasing the efficiency of the official governmental functions.

"I think that civil servants could be retired 25 years earlier and retired on bigger pensions. (Laughter). It would save taxpayers a lot of money. (Laughter)."

MUCH RED TAPE

There was a great deal of red tape, he went on, and it took almost as much time to get a refund on an income tax in Great Britain.

"One thing I admire about Hong Kong, is your police force," declared Mr. MacLean. "They have one of the most difficult tasks in the world and while one appreciates very much all they do I cannot help thinking that by the exercise of a little more co-operation from the civilian population, their work would be done more efficiently and to the greater mutual benefit of the Colony and the criminal."

The impressions he had outlined were very haphazard, continued Mr. MacLean. He had been here only a very short time, he said, and possibly they would undergo a change.

Another thing that impressed him was the ability of the engineers on the star ferries who displayed amazing ingenuity in manipulating their craft with the number of whistles and signs around them.

"In conclusion let me say," he continued, "that any person who is thinking of coming into this Colony without a divine sense of humour had better stay at home."

A vote of thanks was moved by Rotarian Key.

YOUTH HOSTELS IN GERMANY

There are now over 2,000 Youth Hostels in Germany, and over 6,000,000 persons used them during last year.

In these hostels, which are without exception situated in healthy country or forest surroundings, youths may stay for their holidays for a minimum charge, live out-door lives, and thus gather strength for work in shops and factories, offices and at school.

SMART NAVAL TURNOUT

Vice-Admiral Little Inspects Forces

The time honoured Naval Review of the China Fleet which took place yesterday at the Race Course was attended with its usual pageantry and colour associated with such reviews. Over 1,000 officers and men took part when Vice-Admiral Sir Charles Little, K.C.B., Commander-in-Chief of the China Fleet inspected the smart turnout and after which he took the salute as the men marched past.

The Race Course and its surroundings were packed with an enthusiastic crowd of sightseers all eager to watch the review.

Punctually at 10 a.m. His Excellency arrived and was received by Capt. A. J. L. Murray. Colours were then broken and the Commander-in-Chief was given the general salute. He was attended by his Flag-Lieutenant, Lt. H. B. P. Franklin.

Shortly before the arrival of Vice-Admiral Sir Charles Little, H. E. the General Officer Commanding, Major-General A. W. Batholomew, arrived and was received by Capt. A. J. L. Murray. The Hon. officer was Capt. Knowles, R.M.

THE INSPECTION

After the Vice-Admiral had taken the salute he proceeded to inspect the 1,130 officers and men forming a Battalion consisting of Three Seamen Companies, one Royal Marine Company and a Howitzer Battery of four guns, wearing steel helmets under the command of Captain R. S. Benson, R.N., of H.M.S. "Duncan."

After the inspection the Howitzer Batteries and platoons marched past in column forming up at the far end of the parade and then marched past in close column.

After the march past the Commander-in-Chief addressed the Battalions and expressed himself to be extremely pleased with the general appearance and bearing of the men and the smartness of the march past.

Low clouds unfortunately prevented the fly past of aircraft of H.M.S. "Hermes" which was to have completed the inspection.

The Royal Marine massed bands marched past in rear of the last platoon of the Battalion.

Officers at the Saluting Base were Capt. A. J. L. Murray, D.S.O., O.B.E., Capt. I. B. Tower, D.S.O., Capt. Hon. G. Fraser, D.S.O., Capt. H. C. Phillips and Capt. C. G. B. Coltart.

BUNDLED INTO CUBICLE

Witness Tells Of Robbery Experience

The case was continued at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday against five alleged robbers who appeared before Mr. Q.A.A. Macfadyen on a charge of being implicated in a robbery on January 31, last in which a woman met her death by strangulation.

Yesterday's proceedings were devoted for the most part of the afternoon, to the evidence of a woman Ng Wan Fook who described the circumstances in which she discovered the deceased, but when asked whether she could recognise any of the defendants she said "I cannot recognise them, because all the men I saw had on head gear as well as shoes and socks."

The accused men, charged with the murder of Ng Wan Fook, a widow, at No. 202 Cheung Sha Wan Road, on the night of January 31, were: Wong Wing (41), unemployed stoker, Chan Ho (25), unemployed stoker, Ho Cheun (28), unemployed and Ho Hing (40), unemployed.

Mr. E. H. Williams Assistant Attorney General appeared for the Crown, whilst Inspector A. H. Elston was also present in Court.

BUNDLED INTO ROOM

Ng Wan Fook, a woman residing in the shop related that she was bundled into a cubicle by some men on her return on the day in question. She was threatened by a man with a knife. During the time that the robbers had control of the premises one of them ransacked the cubicle in which she and a fold, named Mak Chin Hang were imprisoned.

The robbers were on the premises, stated witness for about

SYSTEM OF BRIBERY

Constables Charged

The reminded case in which two Chinese Constables Hui Shu Lin, D.34, and Mao Hua Sung, D.119, together with two unlicensed hawkers are facing several charges relating to the acceptance of bribes, was heard again yesterday before Mr. S. F. Balfour at the Central Magistracy.

Mr. C. A. Sutherland Russ appeared for the defendant constables, while Mr. L. H. C. Calthorpe, A.S.P. was for the prosecution.

The third and fourth defendants pleaded guilty to the charge against them and as they were to be required for the prosecution, Mr. Calthorpe asked His Worship to sentence the prisoners. This was done accordingly and they each received one month's hard labour, without the option of a fine.

Mr. Calthorpe then outlined the case and stated that at the beginning of March an anonymous letter was received from hawkers of On Tai Street stating that the Wei-Hai Wei police officers there were collecting bribes. Detectives were sent there to find out about it. Later it was realised that the detectives would be recognised and it was therefore decided to employ Tung Sik, a room boy of the Police Officers Mess. He was sent down there on March 16 and had pointed out to him the third and fourth defendants. He then saw these two men collecting money in On Tai Street.

SAW MONEY ACCEPTED

About 6.00 p.m. he saw these two go to a side street near the Tung Wah Hospital. D.34 was seen to receive something from these men. D.119 was there also. On March 17, the same thing happened again. On the 18th the defendants were off duty, but on the 19th he, Tung Sik, saw the third defendant again collecting money from the hawkers and later hand something to D.34 in the presence of D.119.

On the 19th Inspector Murphy had 80 cents marked and the money was handed over to the hawkers. Inspector Murphy waited for the Chinese detectives to return and then arrested them. On D.34 was found over \$5 in small money, among which were discovered fifty cents of the marked money.

HAWKERS THREATENED

Eight hawkers will be produced, said Mr. Calthorpe, who will say that they gave money to the defendants. They will also say that they were threatened that if they did not pay the money their stalls would be kicked over.

Two of these hawkers will state that their stalls were kicked over for the non-payment of the money, while others will testify as to the fact that the system had been going on for some considerable time, in fact since 1934.

Tung Sik was the first witness to be called and he testified to the collecting of the money and the subsequent handing over to the two constables.

Kwong Lul, an unlicensed hawker, then gave evidence to the threats of the collectors and stated that his share towards the money was 20 cents a day.

After further evidence was called to substantiate the case for the prosecution, the proceedings were adjourned.

an hour. When they had gone she left the cubicle and in the backyard made the gruesome discovery of the body of Ng Wan Fook lying on her left side.

By the help of a match flame, she saw that the prong body on the ground was bound round the neck with a girdle. Her head was resting on a wooden box filled with saw dust. She was unconscious and appeared to be dead because I called out several times and did not receive a reply. An alarm was immediately raised.

Witness testified to going to the mortuary the next day and identifying the body as Ng Wan Fook. "I think she would have had some money as she had business in the new year," stated witness.

Detective Sergeant C. H. Goodwin deposed of having found the body and having it removed to the mortuary, where it was later identified in the presence of Dr. Henry and himself, by the last witness.

After further evidence the case was adjourned.

SMART ACTION COMMENDED

Snatcher Well Punished

Convicted by Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy yesterday of snatching a leather handbag containing \$10.50 in money, a fountain pen and toilet articles, to the total value of \$20.20 from Cheng Siu Wa, a 34-year-old married woman at Queen's Road West on Monday morning, Chan Muk, a 29-year-old-unemployed was sentenced to six months' hard labour and twelve strokes of the birch, and if found unfit, to serve an additional two months' hard labour.

Detective Sergt. Kinnear who prosecuted related the facts of the case and how the defendant was arrested by Mak Shu-leung, a 20-year-old shoe-maker, who is a member of the Street Boys' Club.

The complainant according to Sergt. Kinnear was walking in Queen's Road West, near the Kowloon Theatre about 11.30 a.m. on Monday. She was carrying her handbag and a parcel containing a piece of cloth in her right hand. Defendant came from behind, put his right hand over her shoulder and snatched both the handbag and the parcel. He ran along Queen's Road into Queen Street, and then into Wing Lok Street, pursued by the complainant, who raised the alarm. The witness, Mak, took up the chase and caught defendant at the end of Wing Lok Street. The property was recovered. Defendant was taken to the West Point Police Station by the witness himself.

After sentence was passed Mr. Schofield commended the shoe-maker on his praiseworthy behaviour and asked Sergt. Kinnear to bring this matter to the notice of the head of the Street Boys' Club.

Visitor: "Where's your secretary?"
Boss: "Oh, she's my treasurer now."
Visitor: "How's that?"
Boss: "Oh, I married her."



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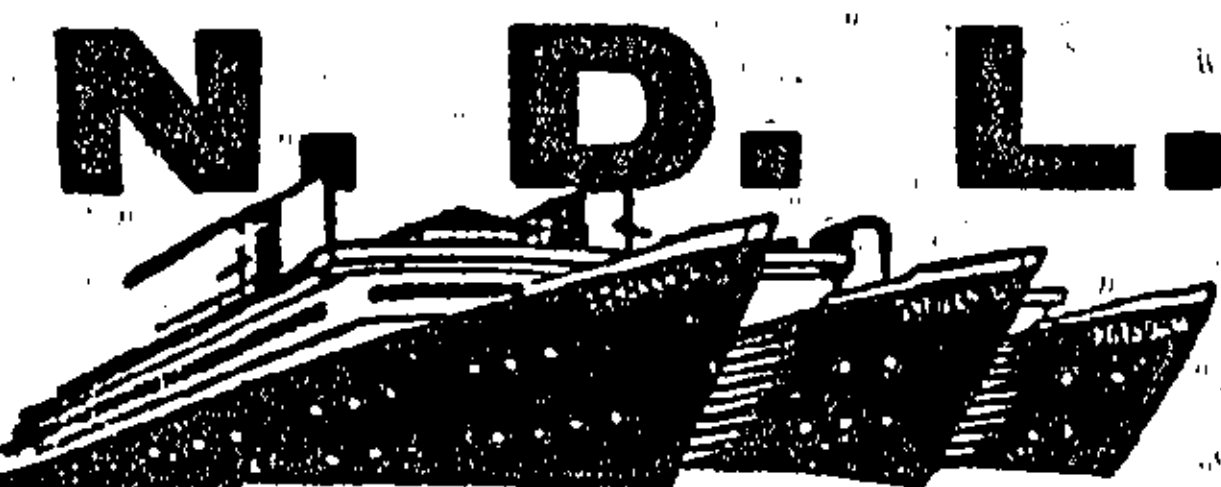
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Rotterdam, Hamburg & Bremen ... Apr. 8
S.S. POTSDAM ... M'iles, Barcelona, Palma D. M.
Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen
& Hamburg ... May 8/10 at 10 a.m.
S.S. DONAU ... M'iles, Oran, Casablanca, Antwerp,
R'dam, Hamburg & Bremen ... May 13

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE/SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI

S.S. POTSDAM ... Apr. 20 S.S. POTSDAM ... Apr. 20

HONGKONG/SOUTH SEA ISLANDS SERVICE.

S.S. FRIDERUN ... Madang, Salamaua, Rabaul, etc. ... Apr. 11
S.S. BREMERHAVEN ... Rabaul, Tulagi, Kavieng, etc. ... May 11

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H. K. STOCK EXCHANGE

YESTERDAY'S OFFICIAL QUOTATION

The market continued steady
and in most cases prices showed
an advance on yesterday's list.
Shares were difficult to obtain as
sellers were reluctant to part with
their holdings at current prices.

BUYERS

Union Insurance, \$575.
H.K. Fire Insurance, \$237.
Antamoks, \$2.
Beng. Consols., \$18.10.
I. X. L., \$14.
Masbate, 70 cts.
San Mauricos, \$1.10.
United Paracales, 61 cts.
Providents (old), \$1.15.
Ewo Cottons, Sh. \$84.
Hotels, \$4.20.
H.K. Land & Debts, 100.
Hong-Kong Trams, \$10.30.
China Lights (old), \$10.40.
China Lights (new), \$7.35.
Electrics, \$51.
Telephones (old), \$25.15.
Cements, \$94.
Govt. 4% Loan, 5% Prem
Govt. 3% Loan, par.

SELLERS

China Lights (old), \$10.60.
Cements, \$9.40.
Watsons, \$31.
Entertainments, \$4.
SALES
Canton Insurance, \$275.
Union Insurance, \$570.
Antamoks, \$2.05.
Bagulo Gold, 28 cts.
Hotels, \$44.
China Lights (old), \$104.
Telephones (old), \$25.10.
Cements, \$91/91.
Ch. Govt. 5% 1925 G.S.
Bonds, 94%.

H.K. SHAREBROKERS' ASSOCIATION.

BUYERS

Antamoks, \$2.
Bagulo Gold, 27 cts.
Demonstrations, 61 cts.
Gold Rivers, 74 cts.
Paracales, 61 cts.
Vens. Goldfields, \$3.
Hotels, \$4.20.
Land Debentures, par.
Ewos, \$81.
Providents (old), \$1.15.
Docks (H.K.), \$81.
Trams, \$10.20.
Lights, \$10.35.
Sing. Tractions Ord., 22/-.
Cements, \$9.40.
Gold \$ Bonds, 93%.

SALES

Govt. 4% Loan, 5% Prem.
Govt. 3% Loan, 4% Prem.
Raub, \$11.10.
Electric, \$52.
Telephones (old), \$25.15.

SINGAPORE RAW RUBBER

Latest Singapore Prices

Tuesday, Apr. 7.
Messrs. H. B. Joseph & Co. re-
ceived the following quotations in
Straits Currency from Singa-
pore for Raw Rubber:—

Buyers
Spot ... 24½ up 1
May/June ... 24½ up 1
July/Sept. ... 24½ up 1
Oct./Dec. ... 24½ up 1
Market—Firm.

BENJAMIN & POTTS

Tuesday, Apr. 7.
Messrs. Benjamin and Potts re-
ceived the following Straits cur-
rency quotations (buyers) from
Singapore to-day for Raw Rubber:
Spot ... 24½ cts. Unch.
May/June ... 24½ cts. Unch.
July/Sept. ... 24½ cts. up 1 ct.
Oct./Dec. ... 24½ cts. up 1 ct.
Market—Steady.

PHILIPPINE GOLD MINING SHARES

Tuesday, Apr. 7.
Messrs. Benjamin and Potts re-
ceived the following quotations from
their Manila Agents this
morning:—

Benguet Consols. 11.50 11.70
Antamoks 1.30 1.35
United Paracales 40 42
San Mauricos 88 88
I. X. L.'s 1.00 1.05
Masbate 46 46
Demonstrations 404 41
Big Wedges 184 17

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

(Barriers Wireless Service)

	April 4	April 6
Paris	75 11/64	75 3/8
Geneva	15.204	15.194
Berlin	12.31	12.30
Athens		
Milan	62 5/8	62 11/16
Shanghai		
New York	4.95 7/16	4.95 5/16
Amsterdam	7.294	7.284
Vienna		
Prague	1194	1194
Bucharest		
Madrid	36 9/32	36 15/64
Lisbon		
Hong Kong	1/3 13/16	
Brussels	29.294	29.25
Montevideo		39 7/16
Belgrade	4.97 3/8	4.974
Montreal	1/2 1/64	
Yokohama		
Helsingfors		
Rio		
Buenos Aires	19 15/16	
Silver (Spot)	19 15/16	191
Silver (forward)		34 1074
War Loan		

Closing Quotations

On London:—	April 7, 1936.	On New York:—
Telegraphic Transfer ... 1 3/4		Bank Bills, on demand 3 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand ... 1 3/4		Credits, 60 days' sight 3 1/4
Bank Bills, 4 months' ... 1 3/4		On demand ... 4 1/4
sight ... 1 3/4		On demand ... 4 1/4
Credits, four months' ... 1 3/4		On demand ... 4 1/4
sight ... 1 3/4		On demand ... 4 1/4
On SHANGHAI:—		On demand ... 4 1/4
On demand ... 1 3/4		On demand ... 4 1/4
On SINGAPORE:—		On demand ... 4 1/4
On demand ... 1 3/4		On demand ... 4 1/4
On JAPAN:—		On demand ... 4 1/4
On demand ... 1 3/4		On demand ... 4 1/4
On INDIA:—		On demand ... 4 1/4
Telegraphic Transfer ... 1 3/4		On demand ... 4 1/4
Bank, on demand ... 1 3/4		On demand ... 4 1/4

BERLIN SHARE MARKET

(“Hong Kong Daily Press” Special)
Berlin, Apr. 6.
Monday's Sharemarket was fair-
ly quiet, due to the operators
holding back in view of the Easter
holidays, and owing to the uncer-
tainty regarding the international
political situation.
The tendency was at first friend-
ly, but closed considerably weaker.
Fixed interest securities were quiet,
but showed a somewhat firmer
tendency.
Call Money stood at 2½ to 3%—
Transocean News Service.

REICHSMARK QUOTA- TIONS

(“Hong Kong Daily Press” Special)
Berlin, Apr. 6.
The Reichsmark was quoted
(without guarantee) at:—
New York ... 40.29
Paris ... 609.
Amsterdam ... 50.29
London ... 12.195
Paris quoted the Pound Sterling
at 75.08 to 75.11 and the U.S.A.
Dollar at 15.15 to 15.16—
Transocean News Service.

BRITAIN'S ECONOMIC IMPROVEMENT

Unemployment Decreasing
London, April 6.
The continued economic im-
provement is evidenced in the
latest unemployment returns which
show the increase of employment
in the great majority of principal
industries. The Ministry of Labour
estimates at March 23 show there
were approximately 10,630,000 in-
sured persons in employment.
This was 155,000 more than a
month before and 411,000 more
than a year before. At the same
date the numbers of unemployed
on the registers were 1,881,531,
comprising 1,580,574 wholly unem-
ployed, 235,280 temporarily laid off
and 65,677 normally in casual em-
ployment. The total is 143,490 less
than on February 24 and 272,339
less than at the corresponding
date of 1935.—British Wireless.

BANK MEETING HELD OUTSIDE BASEL

(“Hong Kong Daily Press” Special)
Basel, Apr. 6.
The governing body of the Bank
of International Settlements met
on Monday for the first time out-
side Basel, in the German spa
Badenweiler, in the Black Forest,
where Reichsbank President Dr.
Hjalmar Schacht is at present tak-
ing a cure.
The board approved of the re-
port ending on March 31, which
again permits the distribution of a
6% dividend.—Transocean News Service.

PRESIDENT LINER TRAVEL SERVICE

is Yours to Command

President Liners' frequent sailings and their unique stopover privileges allow you to
travel just exactly as you choose. And Dollar Steamship Lines and American Mail Line
worldwide offices and agents are maintained to serve you ashore in whatever place you
choose to be. Make your next trip more enjoyable, travelling "The President Line way."

To SAN FRANCISCO	To SEATTLE, VICTORIA
Via Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama, Honolulu, San Francisco, Panama Canal, Havana, New York.	Via Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama and Victoria.
Pres. Hoover 10 a.m. Apr. 18th Pres. Cleveland 8 a.m. May 6th Pres. Coolidge 8 a.m. May 18th Pres. Taft 8 a.m. June 3rd Pres. Hoover 8 a.m. June 13th	Pres. McKinley M'night Apr. 10th Pres. Grant M'night Apr. 24th Pres. Jefferson M'night May 8th Pres. Jackson M'night May 22nd Pres. McKinley M'night June 5th

DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINES AMERICAN MAIL LINE

FEDDER BUILDING—HONG KONG.
CANTON BRANCH: 4, SHARKE ROAD.

CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LTD.
FROM LEITH, MIDDLESBRO',
ANTWERP, LONDON
AND STRAITS.
THE S.S. "BENGLOE"

CONSIGNEES OF Cargo are hereby
informed that all Goods are being
landed at their risk into the Godowns
and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the
Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and
Godown Co., Ltd., where and/or from
the wharves delivery may be obtained.
No Claims will be admitted after the
Goods have left the Godowns, and all
Goods remaining undelivered after the
13th April, 1936, will be subject to Rent.
All Claims against the Steamer must be
presented to the Underwriter on or
before the 27th April, 1936, or they
will not be recognized.
To comply with the General Bonded
Warehouse Regulations, consignees must
have a Revenue Officer in attendance
when damaged dutiable goods are
examined.
All broken, chafed and damaged Goods
are to be left in the Godowns, where
they will be examined on the 8th
April, 1936, at 9 a.m. by Messrs.
Carmichael & Clark.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned
by
W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.
Agents.
Hong Kong, 4th April, 1936. [438]

HAMBURG ALERIEA LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE S.S. "NEUMARK"
having arrived from Hamburg and
Ports of call, Consignees of Cargo are
hereby notified that their Goods are
being landed and placed at their risk into
the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf &
Godown Company's godowns at Kowloon,
where delivery may be obtained as soon
as the Goods are landed.
Option Cargo will not be landed
here unless Notice has been given 48
hours prior to Vessel's arrival, but carried
on from port to port to the final port
of call to which the option extends.
No Claims will be admitted after the
Goods have left the Godowns, and all
Goods remaining undelivered after the
8th April, 1936, will be subject to
Rent.
All broken, chafed and damaged Goods
are to be left in the Godowns, where
they will be examined on 8th April,
1936, at 10 a.m. by our Surveyors,
Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.
To comply with the General Bonded
Warehouse Regulations, consignees must
have a Revenue Officer in attendance
when damaged dutiable goods are
examined.
All Claims must reach us before the
2nd May, 1936, or they will not
be recognized.
No Insurance will be effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
JEBSEN & CO.,
Agents.
Hong Kong, 2nd April, 1936. [438]

AIR LINER LANDS ON SEA BESIDE SHIP

P. & O. Vessel Stands By

London, Mar. 24.
The Imperial Airways three-
engine flying-boat the City of
Swanage made a forced landing in
the Mediterranean between Alex-
andria and Athens at 4½ p.m. C.M.T.
to-day.

She carried no passengers, but
mails and freight from India and
the East.
She made a normal landing and
a slight engine trouble is being
repaired on the spot.
The P. and O. liner Moldavia
came alongside the flying-boat to
give assistance if necessary.
The City of Swanage left Alex-
andria for Athens at 4 a.m. C.M.T.
and the mails are due in London
on Friday.
Later the City of Swanage took
off again and resumed her journey.

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SWATOW, FOCHOW, TIENTSIN, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"CHUNGKING"	On 8th Apr. Noon
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"SHANTUNG"	On 8th Apr. Noon
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"TUNGSHAN"	On 8th Apr. 1 p.m.
HOIHOW, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	"KUNGHOW"	On 10th Apr. 3 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"KWANGCHOW"	On 10th Apr. 5 p.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"KAYING"	On 11th Apr. 5 p.m.
SWATOW, FOCHOW & SHANGHAI	"SUNNING"	On 12th Apr. Noon
SWATOW, FOCHOW, TIENTSIN, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"ANSUN"	On 13th Apr. 3 p.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"CHUNGKING"	On 15th Apr. Noon
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KWEIYANG"	On 15th Apr. 3 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"HOIHOW"	On 17th Apr. Noon
HOIHOW, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	"KWANGTUNG"	On 17th Apr. 3 p.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"KINGYUAN"	On 18th Apr. 5 p.m.
HOIHOW & SHANGHAI	"MUNAM"	On 19th Apr. 11 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"SUIYANG"	On 19th Apr. Noon
SWATOW, FOCHOW, TIENTSIN, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"LIANGCHOW"	On 22nd Apr. Noon
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"TUNGSHAN"	On 22nd Apr. 5 p.m.
HOIHOW, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	"KAYING"	On 24th Apr. 3 p.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KIANGSU"	On 26th Apr. 3 p.m.
SWATOW, AMOI, SWATOW, SINGAPORE & PENANG	"ANHUI"	On 27th Apr. 3 p.m.
HOIHOW, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	"KINGYUAN"	On 1st May, 3 p.m.

For Freight or Passage apply to— BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.
Telephone 30381.
Also and baggage can be stored at the office of BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

TRAVEL A.O. LINE

To AUSTRALIA. Calling at Manila Thursday Is., Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.
BRITISH STEAMERS: CHANGTE & TAIPING (OIL)
FASTEST AND MOST UP-TO-DATE STEAMERS IN THE SERVICE
ELECTRIC LAUNDRY, BARBER SHOP, SURGEON ASTEWARDS CARRIED
Enjoy Your Leave in Australia and New Zealand. Hong Kong to Sydney—19 Days
FIRST CLASS FARE TO SYDNEY, 7/8 RETURN LONDON (via Australia) from £127-15-0.
(Australian Newspapers on file)

STEAMERS	Due Hong Kong	Leave Hong Kong	Leave Manila	Due Sydney
CHANGTE	14 Apr.	21 Apr.	24 Apr.	10 May
TAIPING	8 May	15 May	18 May	3 June
CHANGTE	12 June	19 June	22 June	8 July
TAIPING	7 July	14 July	17 July	2 Aug.

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LIMITED
Sailings subject to alteration without notice.
For Freight or Passage, apply to: BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.
Agents.
Telephone 30323. HONG KONG, CHINA & JAPAN.

PRINCE LINE—SILVER LINE

REGULAR SAILINGS

HALIFAX (NOVA SCOTIA CANADA), BOSTON AND NEW YORK

(via CAPE OF GOOD HOPE or PANAMA until further notice)
M.V. "SIAMSE PRINCE" ... April 12th, 1936
M.V. "SILVERTEAK" ... May 24th, 1936
Excellent Accommodation for a Limited Number of Passengers at Moderate Rates.

For Passage Rates, Freight, etc., apply to:—

FURNESS (FAR EAST) LTD.

(Incorporated in Great Britain.)

2nd Floor, Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building.

Telephone 23165 & 73169.

Telegram: Furnprince.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.



SWATOW-HONGKONG SERVICE

Sailings:
Sundays and Wednesdays at 4 p.m.
S.S. SEISTAN Wednesday, 8th Apr.
S.S. HAINING Sunday, 12th Apr.

SWATOW, AMOI, FOCHOW AND RETURN.

Sailings Tuesdays and Fridays
S.S. SEISTAN Fri. 10th Apr. 4 p.m.
S.S. HAINING Fri. 14th Apr. 4 p.m.

All Arrivals and Departures from the Company Wharf (near Blake Pier)
ROUND TRIP TICKETS are issued from HONGKONG TO FOCHOW (Pacific Anchorage) and return by the same Steamer at the Reduced Rate of \$100, including Meals while the Steamer is at Coast Ports.

CANTON-HONGKONG-HOIHOW-PAKHOL

A Regular Service is Maintained by the S.S. HAICHING
For Particulars of Freight and Passage apply to:—

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO.,

General Managers. Tel. Nos. 4837 and 28038.

SHIPS IN HARBOUR

WHARVES.	No.	Ship
Kowloon—Pres. Lincoln, Bendloe and Friderun	No. A3—Tijsondani	No. A14—Tokai Maru
Sakong—Wing Wo	No. B3—Kalgau	No. B4—Hellas
DOCKS.	No. B5—Apocoy	No. B6—Tchekam
Kowloon—Silver Cypress, Chak Sang, Proteus and Agatha	No. B12—Henrik	No. B13—Ealdis
Taikeo—H.M.S. Phoenix, Norviken, Sendai Maru and Luchow	No. B17—Prominent	No. B18—Gustav Diederichsen
BUOYS.	No. B19—Lysmoon	No. B20—Ninghai
No. A1—Chamont	No. B21—Kaying	No. B22—Hin Sang
No. A2—Kum Sang	No. B25—Mary Moller	No. C1—Promise

ADVERTISED SAILING FROM HONG KONG

NORTHWARD

FROM HONG KONG TO COAST PORTS AND JAPAN

Amoy.
Cremor, J.C.J. Line, April 8.
Tsinan, B. & S., April 8.
Seinan, Douglas, April 10.
Kaying, B. & S., April 11.
Tjikembang, J.C.J. Line, April 11.
Hai Hing, Thoresen's, April 12.
Hong Kong Maru, O.S.K., April 12.
Anshun, B. & S., April 13.
Haining, Douglas, April 14.
Fukuen Maru, O.S.K., April 16.
Tjikembang, J.C.J. Line, April 16.
Tilawa, B.I. (Apar), April 16.
Haitan, Douglas, April 17.
Kingyuan, B. & S., April 18.
Canton Maru, O.S.K., April 19.
Tsinan, B. & S., April 22.
Hosang, Jardine's, May 3.

Chefoo.
Chekiang, B. & S., April 8.
Kwangchow, B. & S., April 10.
Huangsang, Jardine's, April 14.
Chungking, B. & S., April 15.
Hoihow, B. & S., April 17.
Yatsing, Jardine's, April 17.
Liachow, B. & S., April 22.

Daluy.
Ninghai, B. & S., April 8.
City of Wellington, Bank Line, April 10.
City of Singapore, Bank Line, April 13.
Kulmerland, J.C.J. Line, April 15.
Mecklenburg, J.C.J. Line, April 20.
Sarpedon, B. & S., April 20.
Northmark, J.C.J. Line, April 27.
Proteus, B. & S., April 29.

Foochow.
Chekiang, B. & S., April 8.
Solatan, Douglas, April 10.
Huangsang, Jardine's, April 14.
Haining, Douglas, April 14.
Chungking, B. & S., April 15.
Haitan, Douglas, April 17.
Yatsing, Jardine's, April 17.
Liachow, B. & S., April 22.

Hankow.
Mecklenburg, J.C.J. Line, April 20.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., April 9.
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., April 17.
Kutsang, Jardine's, April 18.
Talhybus, B. & S., April 19.
Mecklenburg, J.C.J. Line, April 20.
Hosang, Jardine's, May 3.

Keelung.
Hong Kong Maru, O.S.K., April 12.
Panama Maru, O.S.K., April 15.
Canton Maru, O.S.K., April 19.

Newchwang.
Ninghai, B. & S., April 8.
Bengloe, Loxley's, April 8.
Benwyvis, Loxley's, April 10.
City of Wellington, Bank Line, April 10.
Hiruma Maru, N.Y.K., April 10.
Java, B.A. Co., April 10.
Frus, McKinley, A.M. Line, April 10.
Agamemnon, B. & S., April 15.
Toucouling, Thoresen's, April 15.
Bhutan, P. & O., April 15.
Fusijama, Lloyd Triestino, April 15.
Kulmerland, J.C.J. Line, April 15.
Tilawa, B.I. (Apar), April 16.
Rajputana, P. & O., April 16.
Aramis, Messageries, April 17.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., April 17.
Pres. Hoover, Dollar's, April 18.
Potsdam, Melchers, April 20.
Agapenor, B. & S., April 21.
Benrooch, Loxley's, April 21.
Tetsuta Maru, N.Y.K., April 22.
Agra, Gilman's, April 23.
Pres. Grant, A.M. Line, April 24.
Behar, P. & O., April 25.
General Lee, States Co., April 25.
Kutorji Maru, N.Y.K., April 25.
Niel Maersk, J.C.J. Line, April 27.
Frederick, B. & S., April 29.
Chitral, P. & O., April 30.
Sanchita, B.I. (Apar), April 30.
Emp. of Japan, C.P.S., May 1.
Chonocaux, Messageries, May 2.
Malaya, B.A. Co., May 4.
Perseus, B. & S., May 4.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar's, May 6.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M. Line, May 8.
Bendloch, Loxley's, May 9.
Tanda, E. & A. S.S. Co., May 10.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., May 15.
Gen. Pershing, States Co., May 16.
Tamara, Gilman's, May 17.

Shanghai and Via Ports.
Ninghai, B. & S., April 8.
Norviken, Jardine's, April 8.
Shantung, B. & S., April 8.
Tsinan, B. & S., April 8.
Kwangchow, B. & S., April 10.
Kaying, B. & S., April 11.
Tjikembang, J.C.J. Line, April 11.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, April 12.
Sunning, B. & S., April 12.
Daviken, Jardine's, April 15.
Tjikeng, J.C.J. Line, April 16.
Hoihow, B. & S., April 17.
Kingyuan, B. & S., April 18.
Taksang, Jardine's, April 19.
Suiyang, B. & S., April 19.
Tsinan, B. & S., April 22.
Sarpedon, B. & S., April 25.

Swatow.
Chekiang, B. & S., April 8.
Cremor, J.C.J. Line, April 8.
Norviken, Jardine's, April 8.
Seitan, Douglas, April 8.
Shantung, B. & S., April 8.
Kwangchow, B. & S., April 10.
Seitan, Douglas, April 10.
Haining, Douglas, April 12.
Hai Hing, Thoresen's, April 12.
Hong Kong Maru, O.S.K., April 12.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, April 12.
Sunning, B. & S., April 12.
Anshun, B. & S., April 13.
Haining, Douglas, April 14.
Huangsang, Jardine's, April 14.
Chungking, B. & S., April 15.
Daviken, Jardine's, April 15.
Haitan, Douglas, April 15.
Jellou, Thoresen's, April 15.
Kwaisang, B. & S., April 15.
Fukuen Maru, O.S.K., April 16.
Haitan, Douglas, April 17.
Hoihow, B. & S., April 17.
Yatsing, Jardine's, April 17.
Canton Maru, O.S.K., April 19.
Taksang, Jardine's, April 19.

Southward
Suiyang, B. & S., April 19.
Liachow, B. & S., April 22.
Sarpedon, B. & S., April 25.

Eastward
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., April 9.
Pres. Hoover, Dollar's, April 13.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar's, May 6.
Ward, States Co., May 8.
Tai Yang, Dodwell's, April 23.
Niel Maersk, J.C.J. Line, April 27.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar's, May 6.
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Pres. Cleveland, Dollar's, May 6.
Ward, States Co., May 8.

From Hong Kong to Coast Ports, Manila, Australia.
Australian Ports, East and West.
Change, B. & S., April 21.
Nellore, E. & A. S.S. Co., May 2.
Tjikeng, J.C.J. Line, April 14.
Tjikeng, J.C.J. Line, April 23.
Haitan, Douglas, April 15.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, April 15.
Hirun, Thoresen's, April 26.
Sunning, B. & S., April 12.
Anshun, B. & S., April 13.
Haining, Douglas, April 14.
Huangsang, Jardine's, April 14.
Chungking, B. & S., April 15.
Daviken, Jardine's, April 15.
Haitan, Douglas, April 15.
Jellou, Thoresen's, April 15.
Kwaisang, B. & S., April 15.
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Haitan, Douglas, April 17.
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Yatsing, Jardine's, April 17.
Canton Maru, O.S.K., April 19.
Taksang, Jardine's, April 19.

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Suiyang, B. & S., April 19.
Liachow, B. & S., April 22.
Hirun, Thoresen's, April 26.
Kiangsu, B. & S., April 26.

City of Wellington, Bank Line, Apr. 10.
Kulmerland, J.C.J. Line, April 15.
Sarpedon, B. & S., April 25.
Northmark, J.C.J. Line, April 27.

Chekiang, B. & S., April 8.
Huangsang, Jardine's, April 14.
Chungking, B. & S., April 15.
Hoihow, B. & S., April 17.
Yatsing, Jardine's, April 17.
Liachow, B. & S., April 22.

Kwangchow, B. & S., April 10.
Tsingtao.
Chekiang, B. & S., April 8.
Kwangchow, B. & S., April 10.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, April 12.
Chungking, B. & S., April 15.
Kulmerland, J.C.J. Line, April 15.
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Pres. Hoover, Dollar's, April 13

